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U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

PYROTECHNICS HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT NO. 39-EJ-1485-99
RESIDENTIAL EXPOSURE FROM INHALATION OF AIR EMISSIONS FROM THE M117 FLASH BOOBYTRAP SIMULATOR





Prepared by:

Environmental Health Risk Assessment & Risk
Communication Program
and
Ambient Air Quality Management Program



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Prepared for:

U.S. Army Environmental Center



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Readiness Thru Health

U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

The lineage of the U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine (USACHPPM) can be traced back over 50 years. This organization began as the U.S. Army Industrial Hygiene Laboratory, established during the industrial buildup for World War II, under the direct supervision of the Army Surgeon General. Its original location was at the Johns Hopkins School of Hygiene and Public Health. Its mission was to conduct occupational health surveys and investigations within the Department of Defense's (DOD's) industrial production base. It was staffed with three personnel and had a limited annual operating budget of three thousand dollars.

Most recently, it became internationally known as the U.S. Army Environmental Hygiene Agency (AEHA). Its mission expanded to support worldwide preventive medicine programs of the Army, DOD, and other Federal agencies as directed by the Army Medical Command or the Office of The Surgeon General, through consultations, support services, investigations, on-site visits, and training.

On 1 August 1994, AEHA was redesignated the U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine with a provisional status and a commanding general officer. On 1 October 1995, the nonprovisional status was approved with a mission of providing preventive medicine and health promotion leadership, direction, and services for America's Army.

The organization's quest has always been one of excellence and the provision of quality service. Today, its goal is to be an established world-class center of excellence for achieving and maintaining a fit, healthy, and ready force. To achieve that end, the CHPPM holds firmly to its values which are steeped in rich military heritage:

- ★ Integrity is the foundation
 - ★ Excellence is the standard
 - * Customer satisfaction is the focus
 - ★ Its people are the most valued resource
 - ★ Continuous quality improvement is the pathway

This organization stands on the threshold of even greater challenges and responsibilities. It has been reorganized and reengineered to support the Army of the future. The CHPPM now has three direct support activities located in Fort Meade, Maryland; Fort McPherson, Georgia; and Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, Aurora, Colorado; to provide responsive regional health promotion and preventive medicine support across the U.S. There are also two CHPPM overseas commands in Landstuhl, Germany and Camp Zama, Japan who contribute to the success of CHPPM's increasing global mission. As CHPPM moves into the 21st Century, new programs relating to fitness, health promotion, wellness, and disease surveillance are being added. As always, CHPPM stands firm in its commitment to Army readiness. It is an organization proud of its fine history, yet equally excited about its challenging future.

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PYROTECHNICS HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT NO. 39-EJ-1485-99 RESIDENTIAL EXPOSURE FROM INHALATION OF AIR EMISSIONS FROM THE M117 FLASH BOOBYTRAP SIMULATOR

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This assessment looked at the potential for human health effects to offsite residents breathing the air emissions from the M117 flash boobytrap simulator used during training exercises. The M117 flash boobytrap simulator is one type of military pyrotechnics that is used both in the field and during training exercises. The military uses pyrotechnics for signaling, obscuring, and illuminating during training and combat. Study results showed no potential for health risks to the offsite residents from inhalation of the air emissions from the M117 flash boobytrap simulator.

To conduct this study, air emissions from the M117 flash boobytrap simulator were collected in a test chamber (BangBox) at the Dugway Proving Ground, Dugway, Utah. This information was then used in an air dispersion model to determine ambient air concentrations at a location 100 meters (328 feet) downwind from the site where the M117 flash boobytrap simulator is used. Since the training facility in this study is a hypothetical location, the air model used assumptions that provided conservative estimates of air concentrations.

Modeled air concentrations were combined with exposure information (e.g., number of exposures per year) to estimate the amount of substances the hypothetical resident breathes. This intake was combined with a substance's health information, which was obtained from agencies such as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, to determine potential health risks from inhalation of these substances.

The health risk study included both long-term (30 years) and short-term (15 minutes or 1-hour) exposures to modeled substance concentrations. Study results showed no potential for health risks to the hypothetical resident from inhalation of substances released from the M117 flash boobytrap simulator.

Readiness thru Health

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

AEC U.S. Army Environmental Center

AEGL Acute Exposure Guideline Levels

AIHA American Industrial Hygiene Association

Cl₂ Chlorine

Cr Chromium

DOE U.S. Department of Energy

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

ERPG Emergency Response Planning Guidelines

HBSL Health-Based Screening Level

mg Milligram

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NAC/AEGL National Advisory Committee for Acute Exposure Guideline Levels

NET Net Explosive Weight

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

PM₁₀ Particulate Matter Under 10 Micrometers In Size

PRG Preliminary Remediation Goals

RBC Risk-Based Concentration

RfC Reference Concentration

TEEL Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits

TPCWG Total Petroleum Criteria Working Group

TSP Total Suspended Particulates

PYROTECHNICS HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT NO. 39-EJ-1485-99 RESIDENTIAL EXPOSURE FROM INHALATION OF AIR EMISSIONS FROM THE M117 FLASH BOOBYTRAP SIMULATOR

1. PURPOSE

This document presents the evaluation of the potential for human health impacts to offsite residents who may be exposed to combustion products following the use of the M117 flash boobytrap simulator.

AUTHORITY

Memorandum, U.S. Army Environmental Center, 4 June 1999, Subject: Pyrotechnics Risk Assessment.

3. REFERENCES

See Appendix A.

4. BACKGROUND

a. PYROTECHNICS AND THEIR USES.

The term pyrotechnics is derived from the Greek words "pyr" and "technē" meaning fire and art, respectively. This term is often used interchangeably with the term firework. Examples of pyrotechnics include distress flares and fireworks for commercial (e.g., public displays) and consumer (e.g., sparklers) use. Every year, during Independence Day and New Year's Eve, fireworks are used for public displays across the country. During the 1998 Olympic Wintergames in Nagano, Japan, almost 5000 pyrotechnics were launched during a firework display which lasted for 8 minutes.

The military uses pyrotechnics for four purposes: 1) as a method of communication through the use of signals, 2) to produce smoke to reduce enemy effectiveness, 3) for illuminating the field, and 4) to simulate battle conditions during training exercises. Pyrotechnics play an important role in both military training and combat. Therefore, it is important that our troops are adequately trained to use them properly.

b. WHAT IS THE M117 FLASH BOOBYTRAP SIMULATOR?

The M117 flash boobytrap simulator (M117) is used both in training and during combat. It is about 3 inches long and 1 inch wide. It weighs about 0.25 pounds and contains about 3 ounces of explosive charge. To simulate the flashes, the M117 contains a pyrotechnic charge referred to as the flash composition. The

flash composition consists mostly of magnesium powder, which is commonly used to produce spark effects, and potassium perchlorate, which is used to stabilize the mixture.

c. USES OF THE M117 FLASH BOOBYTRAP SIMULATOR.

The M117 is a device used by our service men and women to protect themselves from enemies attempting to break through their defensive positions in the field. It is usually placed in front of their defensive lines to warn them when enemy soldiers approach (References 1, 2). When activated, the M117 emits a loud bang and a bright flash that alerts our troops that someone is approaching. Our troops learn how to set up these devices during training exercises. These exercises also train them to be cautious when they are exposed to similar devices set by an enemy.

d. ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

The general approach can be broken into two major parts: air dispersion modeling and exposure assessment. These are briefly discussed in the paragraphs below. Sections 5-7 present a more explicit discussion of the methodology used for this study.

Data generated in the "BangBox" at the Dugway Proving Ground, Utah (Reference 3), were used with an atmospheric dispersion model to estimate the average concentration that would be experienced by an offsite resident. As a conservative distance, it was assumed a person could reside 100 meters from the point of the M117 activation. Since this study is designed to provide results that would be applicable to most Army training facility, the training area used in this evaluation is hypothetical. In addition, air modeling parameters were selected to mimic worst-case conditions.

The exposure assessment included calculating time-averaged concentrations for both long-term (chronic) and acute exposures. For the purpose of this study, air concentrations were averaged over 30 years and 1 hour, for chronic and acute exposures, respectively. Thirty years is the standard EPA default exposure duration for evaluating chronic residential exposures while 1 hour was selected primarily because of the availability of some established acute exposure data. These concentrations were then compared to chronic health-based screening levels established by various EPA regional offices, or short-term reference concentrations from other sources, depending on the exposure duration (i.e. 30 years versus 1 hour).

5. METHODS AND DATA COLLECTION.

a. EMISSION FACTORS

The air modeling emission rates were derived from the pyrotechnics emission studies conducted at Dugway Proving Ground, Utah (Reference 3). These studies sampled air emissions from the firing of weapons and/or munitions used in training. The purpose of this sampling was to identify and quantify air emissions. The data provided by Dugway Proving Ground included the identification of the munitions item and compounds sampled, net explosive weight (NEW) of item, and compound emission factors. Emissions data from this study are included in the first four columns of the air dispersion modeling output data in Appendix B.

b. AIR MODEL

(1) BACKGROUND

Air dispersion models are available to mathematically simulate atmospheric conditions and behavior to predict downwind concentrations caused by emissions from various sources. However, specific models are not available to estimate the dispersion of emissions from the use of munitions in training. The emissions from munitions used in training result in ambient concentrations of compounds at various locations. The magnitude and location of these concentrations depend on many factors including the amount and type of emissions, the behavior of the source, and meteorological conditions. Based on the evaluation of air dispersion models for military munitions, the U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine (USACHPPM) recommended using the Integrated PUFF (INPUFF) Model to estimate the dispersion of emissions from pyrotechnics (Reference 4).

(2) MODEL SELECTION

The INPUFF Model (Reference 5) was developed to simulate dispersion from instantaneous or semi-continuous point sources. This Gaussian-integrated puff model is capable of addressing a puff type release over short periods of time, and computations can be performed for a single point source for multiple receptors. The algorithm used to calculate concentrations uses a vertically uniformed wind direction (with no chemical reaction) to compute the contribution of each puff at a receptor for each time step/interval.

(3) ASSUMPTIONS

Some assumptions were made to best represent the M117 in the model. These assumptions were as follows:

- (a) For unconventional sources with no physical stack dimensions, the initial horizontal and vertical dispersion values (σ_y and σ_z) of the released puff were used to define the dimensions of the puff. Therefore, plume rise and formation were not determined by characterizing flue gas exit velocity and stack diameter, as they are with conventional point sources. The initial dimensions were set to values measured during Dugway Proving Ground testing and the dispersion of the initial cloud was modeled. The physical dimensions, including height and length of the puff or cloud, were estimated from the thermograph data recorded at every time step. The data also included minimum, mean, and maximum temperature readings during the duration of the emission test and were used to define the flue gas exit temperature.
- (b) The worst-case release scenario analysis was performed using EPA Risk Management Program Guidance (reference 6). This guidance includes tables for estimating the footprint of chemical releases. These guidelines were intended to inform emergency responders of the worst possible accidental release, but not necessarily the most likely. The EPA has defined most default conditions for meteorological modeling parameters. Table 1 lists the parameters that were used in the model.
- (c) The resident used in this study was assumed to be directly downwind from the source. The meander of the puff is a major factor when estimating concentrations at given locations downwind from the source. Assuming that the resident is directly downwind from the source is the same as assuming that there is no puff meander and provides the most conservative modeled concentrations.
- (d) Emissions were assumed to be emitted from a single representative source. This method is more conservative than the assumption that several individual sources are emitted over an area. The EPA guidance document "Screening Procedures for Estimating the Air Quality Impact of Stationary Sources" (Reference 7) recommends merging parameters for multiple sources that are within 100 meters of each other. For the purpose of this study, an event was defined as the activation of ten items at one time.

TABLE 1: AIR MODEL INPUT PARAMETER

MODEL PARAMETERS	
MODEL PARAMETERS	
Number of meteorological periods (NTIME)	1
Duration of each meteorological period (ITIME)	200 s
Number of updates to the source (NSRCDS)	100
Duration/time step between each source update (ISUPDT)	2 s
Total time modeled/Simulation Period (NTIME * ITIME)	200 s
(NTIME * ITIME = NSRCDS * ISUPDT)	
SOURCE PARAMETERS	
Source/Stack Diameter	1 m
Source/Stack Height	0.5 m
Source Exit Temperature	298.15 degrees Kelvin (K) (or 77 °F)
Exit Velocity	NA
Emission Rate	UNIT EMISSION RATE OF 1 g/s
Initial horizontal dispersion (σ _y)	а. 0.37 м
Initial vertical dispersion (σ _z)	b. 0.50 м
WORST CASE METEOROLOGICAL PARAM	IETERS
Wind Speed	1 m/s
Atmospheric Stability	Category F
Wind Direction	270°
Ambient Temperature	293 degrees Kelvin (K) (or 68 °F)
Worst case Receptor Location	100 m directly downwind

(4) GENERAL METHODOLOGY

- (a) The INPUFF model determined the amount of time it would take for the puff to pass over a location 100 meters (m) downwind. The released puff migrated at the constant wind speed of one meter per second (1 m/s) downwind from the point of activation. Assuming a distance of 100 m and a travel velocity of 1 m/s, it took 100 s for the center of each puff to reach this distance.
- (b) The model was run for a total calculation time of 200 s to ensure that the total mass of the puff had passed the 100 m location and the source behavior recorded in the thermograph data was sufficiently simulated. Since the model is capable of providing 100 updates (puffs), the initial puff was assumed to have a time length of 200 s divided by 100 updates (or the puff lasted 2 s). Calculated concentrations every time step (2 s) indicated that the puffs reached the receptor within 80 s and dissipated below the lowest

concentration the model could calculate in this instance (1 \times 10⁻¹¹ g/m³) within 136 s.

(5) USE OF MODEL OUTPUT

The concentrations provided by the INPUFF model were based on a unit emission rate of 1 g/s from an emission source and did not represent any pollutant-specific concentrations from the use of pyrotechnics. The relationship between the emission rate and predicted concentration is linear. Therefore, the ratio of the predicted concentration to the unit emission rate was multiplied by each pollutant-specific emission rate to provide pollutant-specific concentrations.

(6) DETERMINATION OF POLLUTANT-SPECIFIC EMISSION RATES

(a) The actual pollutant emission rate per item (ER₁) for each pollutant was calculated using the following equation:

$$ER_1 = \frac{M \cdot CV}{t}$$
 Equation 1

where:

ER₁ = emission rate for one item (g/(item*sec))

M = total mass (lb) of pollutant emitted per item (lb/item)

CV = conversion factor (453.59 g/lb)

 t = release duration in seconds as obtained from the training manual (s) (References 1 and 8)

Example 1 Sample Calculation Using Equation 1*:

$$ER_1 = \frac{(2.872E - 03)(453.59)}{(2)}$$

= 6.514-01 g/(s*item)

* Calculation for TSP. Averaged adjusted emission factor of total suspended solids (TSP) in lb/item was obtained from Appendix B.

(b) The pollutant emission rate for an event (ER_{EV}) for each pollutant was calculated using the estimated number of potential items used in a training event according to the following equation:

$$ER_{EV} = ER_1 \cdot I$$

Equation 2

where:

 ER_{EV} = emission rate for the estimated number of potential items used in a training event (g/s)

 ER_1 = emission rate for one item (g/(item*sec))

1 = items per event (item/event)

Example 2 Sample Calculation Using Equation 2*:

$$ER_{EV} = (6.514E - 01)(10)$$

= 6.514E+00 g/s

* Calculation for TSP

(c) Pollutant-specific ambient concentrations for an event (CONC) were calculated using the following equation:

$$CONC = ER_{EV} \cdot \frac{UC}{ER_{unit}}$$
 Equation 3

where:

CONC = pollutant concentration based on the number of items used in a training event (g/m³)

ER_{EV} = emission rate for the estimated number of items used in a training event (g/s)

 ER_{unit} = unit emission rate as used in the model (g/sec)

UC = concentration based on the unit emission rate (g/m³)

$$CONC = (6.514E + 00) \frac{(2.592E - 04)}{(1)}$$

$$= 1.688E-03 g/m^3$$

* Calculation for TSP

c. EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT

(1) EXPOSURE ASSUMPTIONS

(a) Exposure assumptions were selected using a typical use scenario for the M117. This use scenario was developed based on consultation with the U.S. Army Environmental Center's (AEC) senior training advisor (References 9,10). The frequency of use of the M117 was required to determine how much substance an off-post resident will be exposed to in the time period of interest (i.e., acute or chronic exposure). For the purposes of this study, a training scenario is defined as a day or session of training whereas a training event is defined as a single use of pyrotechnics. A training scenario may consist of multiple training events. Table 2 summarizes the specific assumptions used to determine how often the M117 is used during a training scenario.

TABLE 2: FREQUENCY OF USE FOR THE M117

Parameter	Value Used
Number of items used per training scenario	10
	10 within 10 minutes
Time between events	over a 24 hour period
Number of training events per day the M117 is used	1
Number of days per year (scenario) the M117 is used	5

(b) In order to conservatively estimate emissions, it was assumed that ten M117s were activated at the same time. The puff that resulted from this event was modeled to a point 100 meters downwind. Since the unit emission rate was calculated using a runtime of 200 seconds, each event was also assumed to last 200 seconds (or 3.33 minutes).

(2) TIME-AVERAGING

For the chronic assessment, time-averaged concentrations were calculated using EPA's default residential exposure period of 30 years (this value assumes that the resident spends 30 years at the same residence). This was done to derive concentrations that would be consistent with the exposure duration used by the EPA so that estimated substance concentrations could be compared to their respective health-based screening levels.

In this evaluation, training scenarios occur approximately five times a year (References 9,10). Using the default residence time established by the EPA, the assumption was made that someone could be exposed to five training scenarios per year for 30 years.

(a) The average daily concentrations were calculated using Equation 4. An example calculation using TSP is shown in Example 4. It should be noted that the average modeled concentration was converted from g/m³ to μg/m³ before it was used in Equation 4.

$$C_d = \frac{CONC \cdot ET \cdot EF_{day}}{1440}$$
 Equation 4

where:

 C_d = the average daily concentration (µg/m³) CONC = average modeled concentration (µg/m³) ET = exposure time (minutes/event) EF_{day} = number of events per day (events/day) 1440 = unit conversion from minutes to day

Example 4 Sample Calculation Using Equation 4:

$$C_{d(TSP)} = \frac{(1.688E + 03)(3.333)(1)}{1440}$$
$$= 3.907E + 00 \ \mu g/m^3$$

Averaged modeled concentration of total suspended solids (TSP) was obtained from Appendix B. The exposure parameters were obtained from Table 3.

(b) The average chronic concentrations were calculated using Equation 5. The resulting concentration (C_d) from Equation 4 was used in Equation 5 to determine the average chronic concentration. Example 5 shows how this calculation was performed.

$$C_{chronic} = \frac{C_d \cdot EF_{years} \cdot ED}{AT}$$
 Equation 5

where:

 $C_{chronic}$ = average chronic concentration (µg/m³) C_d = average daily concentration (µg/m³) EF_{years} = number of days per year (days/year)

ED = exposure duration (yr)
AT = averaging time (days)

(for carcinogenic endpoint, AT = 70 years x 365 days; noncarcinogenic endpoint, AT = ED x 365 days)

Example 5 Sample Calculation Using Equation 5:

$$C_{chronic(TSP)} = \frac{(3.907 \text{ E} + 00)(5)(30)}{(30)(365)}$$
$$= 5.35\text{E} - 02 \text{ } \mu\text{g/m}^3$$

Averaged modeled concentration was calculated as shown in Example 4. The exposure parameters were obtained from Table 3.

(c) This study assumed that the same person would be exposed 5 days every year for 30 years. Since the air model was run for ten items and all ten items could potentially be activated within 10 minutes (See Table 2), one training event (EF_{day}) was characterized per day. Table 3 lists the exposure parameters used in Equations 4 and 5.

TABLE 3: EXPOSURE PARAMETERS USED TO DETERMINE TIME-AVERAGED CHRONIC AIR CONCENTRATIONS

Exposure Parameter	Value Used
Exposure Time (ET)	3.333 minutes/event
Exposure Frequency (EF _{day})	1 events/day
Exposure Frequency (EF _{year})	5 days/year
Exposure duration (ED), years	30 years

- (d) Unlike the chronic evaluation, no clear guidance for evaluating acute exposures is currently available. Due to the nature of the use of pyrotechnics and the short duration of the concentration plume, however, acute exposures cannot be overlooked. For the purpose of this study, acute is defined as a 1-hour exposure. This is so that the estimated concentrations can be compared with guidelines developed specifically for emergency planning purposes (see discussion on acute toxicity below). This is a conservative assumption since the air model showed that the receptor is not expected to be exposed to more than 4 minutes of the concentration plume following activation of ten M117s.
- (e) The average acute concentrations were computed using Equation 6. The exposure frequency is based on the number of events per hour or 15 minutes. Example 6 contains a sample calculation of this equation. Since TSP has no acute toxicity value, an acute concentration was not determined for this substance. Therefore, chlorine (Cl₂) was used for the example calculation.

$$C_{acute} = \frac{CON\dot{C} \cdot ET \cdot EF_{hour}}{60}$$
 Equation 6

where:

 C_{acute} = acute concentration ($\mu g/m^3$)

CONC= average modeled concentration (µg/m³)

ET = exposure time (minutes/event)

EF_{hour} = exposure frequency (events/hour)

= unit conversion, 60 minutes/hour

Example 6 Sample Calculation Using Equation 6:

$$C_{acute(Cl_2)} = \frac{(2.17E + 00)(3.333)}{60}$$
$$= 1.21E-01 \ \mu g/m^3$$

The average acute concentration (CONC) was obtained from Appendix B. For Cl_2 , the acute toxicity value is based on ERPGs (1 hour exposures). Therefore, the acute concentration was averaged over 1 hour so that C_{acute} can be compared with its toxicity value.

d. TOXICITY ASSESSMENT

The potential for health risks was determined by comparing time-averaged air concentrations to health-based screening levels which are typically developed from a substance's known toxicity. These toxicity values typically include different levels of safety factors depending on the level of confidence of the critical study. Appendix C contains a table of the screening values used for both the chronic and the acute evaluations.

If the time-averaged air concentrations are below these screening levels, they are considered safe for everyone, including sensitive people such as the sick, elderly, and children. If the average modeled concentrations are greater than these screening levels, further analysis is warranted. It should be noted that concentrations greater than the screening levels do not indicate an onset of health effects, but rather the potential for such.

(1) CHRONIC ASSESSMENT

- (a) The chronic assessment was evaluated using a screening approach. Using this method, a substance's estimated average concentration was compared to its health-based screening level. If this ratio was less than 1, no further analysis was required. The screening approach is conservative because the exposure assumptions used by the EPA assume that the resident is exposed for 350 days per year (this assumes 2 weeks of vacation per year). Since the training event in which the M117 will be used is not expected to exceed 5 days per year, health-based levels specific to this study may be higher.
- (b) Health-based screening levels were obtained from the EPA, primarily Region 3 and Region 9 (References 11, 12). The Internet sites of both regions were checked to ensure that the most recent information was used. Although the general approach used by both regions is the same, the exposure

assumptions differ enough so that final recommended screening levels can vary to a certain degree. In both methods, a substance's health-based concentration is selected using the toxicity endpoint that derives a lower concentration. For example, if a substance has known systemic toxicity and is a carcinogen, concentrations were calculated using both toxicity information. The lower concentration was then chosen as the recommended screening level to maintain a conservative approach.

- (c) A hierarchy was developed in order to quantitatively evaluate for as many of the identified substances as possible. Since the methodology used by Region 9 results in lower health-based screening levels than Region 3, the Region 9 preliminary remediation goals (PRGs) were used first. Region 3's risk-based concentrations (RBCs) were used only when a substance's PRG was not available. The only exception was for chromium(VI) [Cr(VI)] where Region 9 used a carcinogenic toxicity value that was seven times greater than EPA's recommended value (Reference 13) to develop its screening level for inhalation exposure. Since the EPA does not advocate the application of this multiplication factor, the RBC for Cr(VI) was used instead of the PRG.
- (d) Some substances have neither PRGs nor RBCs because they have their own set of regulatory standards. Under the Clean Air Act, the EPA is required to set National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) (Reference 14) for several substances considered harmful to public health and the environment. Currently, NAAQS are available for six substances, of which carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, lead, sulfur dioxide and particulate < 10 micrometers (PM₁₀) have been detected in the M117 Bang Box study. The NAAQS for the longer averaging time were used for the chronic evaluation. Depending on the substance, this can range from an 8-hour average to an annual average. In addition, since the majority of the measured total suspended particulates (TSP) were PM₁₀ (Reference 3), the NAAQS for PM₁₀ was used to evaluate potential health effects from exposure to TSP.

Example 7 Sample Calculation of Comparing a Substance's Estimated Chronic Concentration to Its Health-Based Screening Level:

$$\frac{C_{chronic(TSP)}}{HBSL} = \frac{5.35E - 02}{5.0E + 01}$$
$$= 1.07E-03 \text{ (or } 0.001) < 1$$

Note that HBSL is the health-based screening level of TSP. For TSP, the HBSL is based on the NAAQS. In this case, the resulting ratio is three orders of magnitude less than 1.

- (e) Many petroleum hydrocarbons were detected but do not have specific screening levels. Therefore, the approach recommended by the Total Petroleum Criteria Working Group (Reference 15) was adopted to evaluate petroleum hydrocarbon mixtures. Based on the working group's assessment of various hydrocarbons, they recommended that mixtures be separated according to a substance's number of carbons and its chemical class (i.e., aliphatic or aromatic¹). Generally, as a substance's carbon number increases, its molecular weight increases and it is, therefore, not a substance of concern via inhalation. The working group has also concluded that aromatic hydrocarbons tend to be more toxic than aliphatic hydrocarbons (Reference 15).
- (f) Table 4 tabulates the inhalation toxicity values used to evaluate exposure to petroleum mixtures. To be consistent with the methodology used in this study, the reference concentrations (RfCs) were converted to PRGs using Region 9 assumptions. The resulting PRGs are shown in Table D-4.

TABLE 4: SUMMARY OF RfCs USED FOR PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

(Reference	15)
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(Reference 13)	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Carbon Range	Aromatic Inhalation RfC (mg/m³)	Aliphatic Inhalation RfC (mg/m ³)
C ₅ – C ₆ C _{>6} – C ₈		18.4
C>7 - C8	0.4	
$C_{>8} - C_{10}$ $C_{>10} - C_{12}$ $C_{>12} - C_{16}$	0.2	1.0
C _{>16} – C ₂₁ C _{>21} – C ₃₅	NA	NA

NA = not applicable for high molecular weight TPHs ($C_{>16}$) because compounds in this carbon range are not volatile and therefore, inhalation is not a pathway of concern.

(2) ACUTE ASSESSMENT

(a) As indicated previously, no acceptable method for assessing acute health impacts is currently available. It was not until recently that EPA guidance has addressed the need to evaluate acute health effects from inhalation (Reference 17). Even then, acute toxicity data for risk assessment purposes were not readily available. The EPA recognized this deficiency and spearheaded the National Advisory Committee for Acute Exposure Guideline

¹ Aliphatic hydrocarbons are hydrocarbons in which the carbon atoms are joined by single covalent bonds consisting of two shared electrons (e.g., butane). Aromatic hydrocarbons have ring structures (e.g., benzene). Source: Reference 16

Levels for Hazardous Substances (NAC/AEGL Committee). However, to date, AEGLs are only available for a handful of substances.

- (b) To circumvent this problem, several state regulatory agencies have suggested that guidelines developed for emergency purposes be used in the interim. Although there have been suggestions to use occupational exposure limits (OELs) by applying additional safety factors (References 18, 19), OELs were not used in this study because they introduce even more uncertainty than the use of emergency guidelines. More uncertainty is introduced because OELs are designed to protect the workplace environment and assume 8 hours a day, 5 days a week exposures. By definition, these exposures are more chronic than acute.
- (c) Emergency planning guidelines on the other hand, are more appropriate because they are typically developed for 1 hour exposures or less. In addition, safety factors may also have been included so that the values are protective of the general population.
- (d) Emergency Response Planning Guidelines (ERPG) published by the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) (Reference 20) and the Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs) developed by the Department of Energy (DOE) (Reference 21) were also used for this study, specifically the ERPG-1s and the TEEL-1s. Since TEEL-1s are intended for 15-minute exposures, air concentrations compared to TEELs were averaged over a 15-minute period as opposed to 1-hour in this assessment. This would not underestimate acute exposures to M117 emissions because the concentration plume is not expected to last more than 4 minutes. The ERPG-1 and TEEL-1 are both similarly defined. The AIHA defines ERPG-1 as follows.

"The maximum airborne concentration below which it is believed nearly all individuals could be exposed for up to 1 hour without experiencing other than mild transient adverse health effects or perceiving a clearly defined objectionable odor."

The DOE defines the TEEL-1s as follows:

"The maximum concentration in air below which it is believed nearly all individuals could be exposed without experiencing other than mild transient adverse health effects or perceiving a clearly defined objectionable odor."

(e) For this study, ERPGs were preferred over the TEELs because they are more vigorously reviewed before they are published, whereas the TEELs are not. Example 8 shows a sample calculation of how a substance's estimated acute concentration is compared to its acute toxicity value.

Example 8

Sample Calculation of Comparing a Substance's Estimated Acute Concentration to Its Acute Toxicity Value:

$$\frac{C_{acute(C_{l_2})}}{ATV} = \frac{1.21E - 01}{2.89E + 03}$$
$$= 4.17E-05 \text{ (or } 0.00004) < 1$$

Note that ATV is the acute toxicity value of Cl_2 . In this case, the resulting ratio is five orders of magnitude less than 1.

6. RISK CHARACTERIZATION

Appendix D presents the results from the M117 risk characterization. Note that for some substances, two concentrations were reported because of different analytical test methods. In those instances, the higher concentration was used.

a. CHRONIC HEALTH RISK

The outcome indicated that no chronic health risks are expected from breathing the air emissions from the M117. Since all ratios were below one, no further evaluation was needed.

b. ACUTE HEALTH RISK

For the acute analysis, all ratios were below well below one, indicating there is no potential for acute health risks. Since all ratios for the acute evaluation were below one, no further assessment was needed.

c. SUBSTANCES WITH NO TOXICITY DATA

Some substances were not quantitatively evaluated because they do not have established toxicity data. By conducting a semi-quantitative comparison of the concentrations of these substances to similar compounds with available toxicity data, it may be concluded that no potential for health effects would be expected from inhalation of these substances.

d. FACT SHEET

A copy of the fact sheet submitted to AEC is included in Appendix E. The fact sheet uses the results from this study to summarize health concerns related to inhalation of the air emissions from the M117.

7. UNCERTAINTY DISCUSSION

The limitations inherent in modeling and the added conservatism of the evaluation contribute to the uncertainty of the study results. In addition, the risk assessment methodology typically may include safety factors that are embedded in the toxicity data to ensure adequate protection of the general population, particularly, susceptible individuals such as children, the sick, and the elderly. Table 5 identifies various areas of uncertainty related to this assessment.

TABLE 5: TYPES OF UNCERTAINTY

Issue	Uncertainty	Direction of Effect
MI 11 11111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. Modeling	de la matematica de la comercia e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Modeled versus real- time sampling	The air concentrations in this study were modeled. Actual air concentrations taken from the field may be higher or lower.	Varies
Hypothetical resident assumed to be located directly downwind	Unless the area around the training facility is populated, the chances that a person living directly downwind is low.	Overestimates
Frequency of use for the M117	Actual frequency of use of M117s during a training event may be different from those stated in this report.	Varies
Assumption that five M117s are activated simultaneously	Although the M117s may be activated within minutes of one another, the chances that five M117s are activated all at once and from the same location is highly unlikely.	Overestimates
Using worst-case meteorological conditions	To ensure that this study may be applicable to all training areas, worst-case meteorological conditions were used in the air model runs.	Overestimates
	Exposure Assessment	
Estimating time- averaged concentrations	Actual exposure from the M117 is intermittent. If one were to plot a person's exposure profile, the plot would consist of a series of spikes. Since current risk assessment methodology does not allow the evaluation of potential health risks as a function of time, a single concentration, averaged over the exposure duration was used. In this study, the exposure durations used were 30 years and 1-hour.	Varies

Issue	Uncertainty	Direction of Effect
Chromium speciation	All chromium was assumed to be Cr(VI) which is more toxic than Cr(III).	Overestimates
Comparing estimated concentrations to established screening levels	The Region 3 and Region 9 health-based screening levels were developed using different exposure assumptions from those in this study. In this case, these assumptions resulted in more conservative screening levels.	Overestimates
Screening assessment versus calculating an average daily intake	Calculating an average daily intake allows the use of scenario-specific assumptions. However, unless the ratio of concentration to screening level approaches one, a screening assessment is useful as a first-cut evaluation.	Varies
Exposure to other munitions	Other munitions are typically used during the same training event. These items may contain substances that are similar or different from those detected in the M117.	Underestimates
The second secon	Toxicity Assessment	
Lack of toxicity data	Some substances were not quantitatively evaluated because they have no known toxicity data.	Underestimates
Modifying and uncertainty factors for toxicity data	Modifying factors and uncertainty factors of varying degree are typically applied to toxicological values. These factors are used to account for different conditions such as extrapolating from animal studies for human health evaluation.	Overestimates

8. CONCLUSION

This study showed that residents who live as close as 100 meters directly downwind from the training facility are safe from inhalation of the air emissions from the M117. It is believed that the assumptions contained in this analysis are conservative enough to be protective of all the population including the sick, elderly, and children.

9. RECOMMENDATIONS

Since the results from this study are intended for a hypothetical training facility, they can vary depending on site-specific conditions. However, because of the conservative assumptions used (e.g., worst-case meteorological conditions) it is believed that most site-specific analyses would result in even lower concentrations. Therefore, the results from this evaluation should be applicable to most training facilities unless site-specific conditions vary significantly.

10. POINT OF CONTACT

Questions about this report should be directed to Ms. Hsieng-Ye Chang at 1-800-222-9698 (ext 2953) or (410) 436-2953 or by email to hsieng-ye.chang@apg. amedd.army.mil

PREPARED BY:

HSIENG-YE THANG . D.E.

Environmental Engineer

Environmental Health Risk Assessment and Risk Communication Program

APPROVED BY:

DENNIS E. DRUCK

Acting Program Manager

Environmental Health Risk

Assessment and Risk Communication

STAFFORD D.F.R COAKEEY

Environmental Engineer

Ambient Air Quality Management Program Ambient Air Quality Management

REY S. GROW, P.E.

Supervisory Environmental Engineer

Ambient Air Quality Management Program

APPENDIX A

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APPENDIX B AIR DISPERSION MODELING OUTPUT DATA

Table B-1: Air Modeling Output Data for Metals, Particulates, and Miscellaneous Compounds

Measured Actual Research Actual Research Actual Concentration (UC) 2.595E-049 Average Number of Lense Concentration (UC) 2.595E-040 Average Number of Lense Concentration (UC) 2.595E-040 Adjusted Concentration Emission Factor (Toyland Concentration Concentration Concentration (Toyland Concentration Concentration Concentration (Toyland Concentration Concentration Concentration Concentration (Toyland Concentration Concentration Concentration Concentration Concentration (Toyland Concentration Con			Simulator Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117		Items per event (I):	10	10 items/hour	
Massured Concentration (mg/m³) Average Actual Engistin Factor (mg/m³) Average Adjusted Concentration (mg/m³) Average Adjusted Concentration (mg/m³) Average (mg/m³)			Average NE Average Number	W, lb = 0.22 er of Items = 29		release duration (t): Unit Concentration (UC):	2 2.592E-04	seconds g/m^3	
3.056E+01 8.256E-02 3,730E-01 2.872E-03 1,303E+00 1,688E-03 6,514E-01 3.639E+01 1.144E-01 3,971E-01 3,058E-03 1,305E+00 1,797E-03 6,534E-01 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND 4,167E-02 2,508E-03 4,782E-04 3,690E-06 1,674E-03 2,189E-06 8,389E-04 4,167E-02 2,508E-03 4,782E-04 3,690E-06 1,674E-03 2,189E-06 8,389E-04 4,167E-02 2,508E-03 4,782E-04 3,690E-06 1,674E-03 2,189E-04 8,389E-02 4,167E-02 2,508E-03 4,782E-04 3,690E-06 1,674E-03 2,189E-02 1,079E-03 4,167E-02 2,508E-03 4,782E-04 3,682E-02 3,641E-07 1,079E-03 1,079E-03 4,186E-02 1,186E-03 1,078E-03 4,492E-05 2,038E-02 2,641E-05 1,019E-02 4,233E-01 1,286E-03 1,078E-03 3,897E-04 1,898E-01 1,079E-03 1,079E-03	Compound	Measured Actual Concentration (mg/m³)	Measured Background Concentration (mg/m³)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (Ib/Ib NEW)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (tb/ftem)	Total Mass of Pollutant Emitted (grams/item)	Pollutant Concentration 10 fems (grams/m³)	Pollutant Emission Rate (g/sec)/item	* Event Pollutant Emission Rate 10 Items (g/sec)
3.056E+01 8.256E-02 3.730E-01 2.872E-03 1.303E+00 1.688E-03 6.514E-01 3.638E+01 1.144E-01 3.971E-01 3.058E-03 1.387E+00 1.787E-03 6.514E-01 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND 4.167E-02 2.508E-03 4.792E-04 3.690E-06 1.674E-03 2.169E-03 8.39E-04 A.167E-02 2.508E-03 4.792E-04 3.690E-06 1.674E-03 2.169E-03 8.39E-04 A.167E-02 2.508E-03 4.792E-04 3.690E-06 1.674E-03 2.169E-02 8.39E-02 A.160E-01 1.246E-01 4.574E-12 3.522E-14 1.597E-11 2.070E-14 7.387E-02 A.160E-01 1.246E-02 4.792E-04 3.626E-02 3.200E-05 1.019E-02 A.160E-02 1.666E-02 NM (c) NM (c) NM (c) NM (c) NM (c) 1.776E-03 3.756E-03 3.646E-02 3.646E-02 3.646E-02 3.646E-02 3.646E-02 3.646E-02 3.646E-02 3.646E-02	Particulate								, EV
3.639E+01 1.144E-01 3.971E-01 3.058E-03 1.387E+00 1.797E-03 6.934E-01 ND	TSP	3.056E+01	8.255E-02	3.730E-01	2.872E-03	1.303E+00	1.688E-03	6.514E-01	6.514E+00
ND ND<	PM ₁₀	3.639E+01	1.144E-01	3.971E-01	3.058E-03	1.387E+00	1.797E-03	6.934E-01	6.934E+00
ND ND<									
ND	HCI/CI ₂								
4.167E-02 2.508E-03 4.792E-04 3.690E-06 1.674E-03 2.169E-06 8.369E-04 4.983E-10 1.246E-10 4.574E-12 3.522E-14 1.597E-11 2.070E-14 7.987E-12 7.180E-01 1.246E-10 4.574E-12 3.522E-14 1.597E-11 2.070E-14 7.987E-12 7.180E-01 1.403E-01 7.070E-03 5.444E-05 2.469E-02 2.641E-05 1.035E-02 4.964E-01 1.806E-02 5.834E-03 4.492E-05 2.046E-02 1.019E-02 1.019E-02 7.081E-02 NM(d) ND ND ND ND ND ND 7.081E-02 1.698E-02 3.987E-04 1.808E-01 1.808E-02 1.019E-02 1.019E-02 4.233E+00 1.598E-02 ND ND ND ND ND 8.735E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.755E-01 4.637E-04 1.789E-03 1.686E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.755E-01 4.637E-04 1.789E-03 1.6	HCI (a)	QN	Q	ΩN	QN	ND	ND	ND	ND
4.983E-10 1.246E-10 4.574E-12 3.522E-14 1.597E-11 2.070E-14 7.987E-12 7.180E-01 1.246E-10 4.574E-12 3.522E-14 1.597E-11 2.070E-14 7.987E-12 7.180E-01 1.403E-01 7.070E-03 5.444E-05 2.469E-02 3.200E-05 1.235E-02 4.954E-01 1.860E-02 5.834E-03 4.492E-05 2.03E-02 2.641E-05 1.019E-02 7.081E-02 7.099E+02 ND ND ND ND ND 7.081E-02 7.099E+02 ND ND ND ND ND 4.233E+00 1.598E-03 5.178E-02 3.987E-04 1.808E-01 3.64E-02 1.878E-02 8.785E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.755E-01 4.637E-06 1.878E-02 1.405E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 7.129E-04 9.240E-07 1.878E-03 1.406E-03 NM (c) 1.77E-05 1.355E-07 0.01E-05 7.789E-08 1.789E-03 1.416E-03 <td< td=""><td>Cl₂ (a)</td><td>4.167E-02</td><td>2.508E-03</td><td>4.792E-04</td><td>3.690E-06</td><td>1.674E-03</td><td>2.169E-06</td><td>8.369E-04</td><td>8.369E-03</td></td<>	Cl ₂ (a)	4.167E-02	2.508E-03	4.792E-04	3.690E-06	1.674E-03	2.169E-06	8.369E-04	8.369E-03
4.983E-10 1.246E-10 4.574E-12 3.522E-14 1.597E-11 2.070E-14 7.987E-12 7.180E-01 1.403E-01 7.070E-03 5.44E-05 2.469E-02 3.200E-05 1.235E-02 4.954E-01 1.403E-01 7.070E-03 5.44E-05 2.469E-02 3.200E-05 1.235E-02 4.954E-01 1.860E-02 5.834E-03 4.492E-05 2.038E-02 2.641E-05 1.019E-02 4.954E-01 1.860E-02 5.834E-03 4.492E-05 2.038E-02 2.641E-05 1.019E-02 4.358E-02 NM (d) ND ND ND ND ND 4.233E-00 1.598E-03 5.178E-02 3.997E-04 1.808E-01 2.344E-04 9.042E-02 8.785E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.756E-03 4.867E-06 1.876E-03 8.585E-02 NM (c) 1.025E-03 1.325E-07 0.101E-05 7.789E-08 1.399E-06 1.416E-03 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 0.010E-05 7.837E-09 1.339E-06									
4.983E-10 1.246E-10 4.574E-12 3.522E-14 1.597E-11 2.070E-14 7.987E-12 7.180E-01 1.403E-01 7.070E-03 5.444E-05 2.469E-02 3.200E-05 1.235E-02 4.954E-01 1.480E-02 5.834E-03 4.492E-05 2.038E-02 2.641E-05 1.019E-02 -4.968E-02 NM (d) ND ND ND ND ND 7.081E+02 7.099E+02 ND ND ND ND ND 7.081E+02 7.099E+02 ND ND ND ND ND 7.081E+02 7.099E+02 ND ND ND ND ND 4.233E+00 1.598E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 3.997E-04 1.800E-01 2.344E-04 9.042E-02 8.363E+02 NM (c) 1.023E-03 7.789E-06 3.755E-03 4.867E-06 1.878E-02 1.568E-02 NM (c) 1.023E-01 7.729E-06 7.789E-08 1.789E-03 1.878E-03 ND NM (c) 1.721E-05	Dioxin/Furan								
7.180E-01 1.403E-01 7.070E-03 5.444E-05 2.469E-02 3.200E-05 1.235E-02 4.954E-01 1.806E-02 5.834E-03 4.492E-05 2.038E-02 2.641E-05 1.019E-02 -4.968E-02 NM (d) ND ND ND ND ND 7.081E+02 7.099E+02 ND ND ND ND ND 7.081E+02 7.099E+02 ND ND ND ND ND 4.233E+00 1.598E-03 5.178E-02 3.987E-04 1.808E-01 2.34E-04 9.042E-02 8.363E+00 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.755E-01 4.633E-04 1.787E-03 1.408E-02 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.005E-05 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND 6.546E-05 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.335E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.055E-05 1.408E-02 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.325E-07 </td <td>Dioxin TEQ (b)</td> <td>4.983E-10</td> <td>1.246E-10</td> <td>4.574E-12</td> <td>3.522E-14</td> <td>1.597E-11</td> <td>2.070E-14</td> <td>7.987E-12</td> <td>7.987E-11</td>	Dioxin TEQ (b)	4.983E-10	1.246E-10	4.574E-12	3.522E-14	1.597E-11	2.070E-14	7.987E-12	7.987E-11
7.180E-01 1.403E-01 7.070E-03 5.444E-05 2.469E-02 3.200E-05 1.235E-02 4.954E-01 1.880E-02 5.834E-03 4.492E-05 2.03E-02 2.641E-05 1.019E-02 4.958E-02 NM (d) ND ND ND ND ND 7.081E+02 7.099E+02 ND ND ND ND ND 4.233E+00 1.598E-03 5.178E-02 3.987E-04 1.808E-01 2.041E-05 1.878E-02 8.785E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.755E-03 4.867E-06 1.878E-02 8.363E+00 NM (c) 1.023E-01 7.881E-04 1.578E-03 4.867E-06 1.878E-03 1.668E-02 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-06 1.787E-01 ND NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.335E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.05E-05 1.405E-03 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.333E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-09 3.05E-04 1.405E-03 NM (c)									
7.180E-01 1.403E-01 7.070E-03 5.444E-05 2.469E-02 3.200E-05 1.235E-02 4.954E-01 1.860E-02 5.834E-03 4.492E-05 2.038E-02 2.641E-05 1.019E-02 4.954E-01 1.860E-02 NM (d) ND ND ND ND 7.081E+02 7.099E+02 NM (d) 1.075E-03 3.987E-04 1.808E-01 ND 4.233E+00 1.598E-02 3.987E-04 1.808E-01 1.808E-02 1.878E-03 8.785E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.755E-01 4.677E-04 9.042E-02 8.785E-02 NM (c) 1.023E-01 7.881E-04 3.575E-01 4.633E-04 1.787E-01 1.668E-02 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.005E-05 ND NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.333E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.025E-05 6.546E-05 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.333E-07 4.764E-09 1.838E-05 1.415E-03 NM (c) 1.731E-05	CEM System								
4.954E-01 1.860E-02 5.834E-03 4.492E-05 2.038E-02 2.641E-05 1.019E-02 -4.968E-02 NM (d) ND ND ND ND ND 7.081E+02 7.095E+02 ND ND ND ND ND 7.081E+02 7.095E+02 ND ND ND ND ND 4.233E+00 1.598E-03 5.178E-02 3.987E-04 1.808E-01 2.344E-04 9.042E-02 8.785E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.755E-03 4.887E-06 1.878E-03 8.635E+02 NM (c) 1.023E-01 7.881E-04 3.575E-01 4.633E-04 1.787E-01 1.406E-03 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.047E-05 7.789E-08 3.005E-05 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND 6.546E-05 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.335E-07 6.047E-05 7.789E-08 1.399E-06 8.600E-05 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.374E-06 <td>Carbon Monoxide (CO)</td> <td>7.180E-01</td> <td>1.403E-01</td> <td>7.070E-03</td> <td>5.444E-05</td> <td>2.469E-02</td> <td>3.200E-05</td> <td>1.235E-02</td> <td>1.235E-01</td>	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	7.180E-01	1.403E-01	7.070E-03	5.444E-05	2.469E-02	3.200E-05	1.235E-02	1.235E-01
4,968E-02 NM (d) ND	Nitrogen Oxide (NOx)	4.954E-01	1.860E-02	5.834E-03	4.492E-05	2.038E-02	2.641E-05	1.019E-02	1.019E-01
7.081E+02 7.099E+02 ND	HCI (a)	-4.968E-02	(d) MN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
4.233E+00 1.598E-03 5.178E-02 3.987E-04 1.808E-01 2.344E-04 9.042E-02 8.785E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.755E-03 4.867E-06 1.878E-03 8.785E-02 NM (c) 1.023E-01 7.881E-04 3.575E-01 4.633E-04 1.787E-01 1.668E-02 NM (c) 1.023E-01 7.881E-04 3.575E-01 4.633E-04 1.787E-01 1.406E-03 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.005E-04 ND NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.047E-05 7.83E-08 3.023E-06 6.546E-05 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.333E-07 6.047E-05 7.837E-08 3.023E-05 8.600E-05 NM (c) 1.731E-06 8.103E-09 3.676E-09 4.764E-09 1.838E-06 8.600E-05 NM (c) 1.785E-06 8.047E-06 8.279E-06 4.764E-09 1.838E-06 1.652E-04 0.047E-06 9.264E-09 1.201E-06 4.632E-04 1.819E+00 1.	Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	7.081E+02	7.099E+02	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q
8.785E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.755E-03 4.867E-06 1.878E-03 8.365E-02 NM (c) 1.023E-01 7.881E-04 3.575E-01 4.633E-04 1.787E-01 1.406E-03 NM (c) 2.041E-04 1.572E-06 7.129E-04 9.240E-07 3.565E-04 1.406E-03 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.005E-05 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.005E-05 6.546E-05 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.333E-07 6.047E-05 7.837E-09 1.399E-06 8.600E-05 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.333E-07 6.047E-05 7.837E-09 1.838E-05 1.458E-02 NM (c) 1.785E-06 8.103E-09 8.078E-07 3.117E-04 2.167E-03 NM (c) 2.052E-04 2.042E-06 9.264E-04 1.201E-09 3.88E-02	Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	4.233E+00	1.598E-03	5.178E-02	3.987E-04	1.808E-01	2.344E-04	9.042E-02	9.042E-01
8.785E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.755E-03 4.867E-06 1.878E-03 8.363E+00 NM (c) 1.023E-01 7.881E-04 3.575E-01 4.633E-04 1.787E-01 1.668E-02 NM (c) 2.041E-04 1.572E-06 7.129E-04 9.240E-07 3.565E-04 1.406E-03 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.005E-05 ND NM (c) 1.415E-03 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.333E-07 6.047E-05 7.837E-09 1.399E-06 8.600E-05 NM (c) 1.052E-06 8.103E-09 3.676E-05 4.764E-09 1.838E-06 1.458E-02 NM (c) 1.785E-06 8.137E-06 8.078E-07 3.117E-04 2.167E-03 NM (c) 2.652E-09 2.042E-06 9.264E-09 3.808E-02 1.819E+00 NM (c) 2.226E-05 1.714E-04 7.776E-05 4.764E-09 1.838E-05									
8.785E-02 NM (c) 1.075E-03 8.279E-06 3.755E-03 4.867E-06 1.878E-03 4.867E-06 1.878E-03 4.867E-01 4.633E-04 1.878E-01 1.878E-01 4.633E-04 1.787E-01 1.787E-02 1.787E-03 1.787E-04 1.787E-04 1.787E-04 1.777E-03 1	Particulate-phase Metals								
8.363E+00 NM (c) 1.023E-01 7.881E-04 3.575E-01 4.633E-04 1.787E-01 1.668E-02 NM (c) 2.041E-04 1.572E-06 7.129E-04 9.240E-07 3.565E-04 1.406E-03 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.005E-05 ND NM NM (c) ND ND ND ND ND 6.546E-05 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.333E-07 6.047E-05 7.837E-08 1.399E-06 8.600E-05 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.333E-07 6.236E-06 4.764E-09 1.838E-06 1.458E-02 NM (c) 1.785E-04 1.374E-06 6.233E-04 8.078E-07 3.117E-04 2.167E-02 NM (c) 2.652E-04 2.042E-06 9.264E-04 1.201E-06 4.632E-04 1.819E+00 NM (c) 2.226E-02 1.714E-04 7.776E-02 1.008E-04 3.888E-02	Aluminum	8.785E-02	NM (c)	1.075E-03	8.279E-06	3.755E-03	4.867E-06	1.878E-03	1.878E-02
1.668E-02 NM (c) 2.041E-04 1.572E-06 7.129E-04 9.240E-07 3.565E-04 1.406E-03 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.005E-05 ND NM NM (c) 8.011E-07 6.169E-09 2.798E-06 3.626E-09 1.399E-06 1.415E-03 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.333E-07 6.047E-05 7.837E-09 1.398E-06 8.600E-05 NM (c) 1.785E-04 1.374E-06 8.103E-09 3.676E-06 4.764E-09 1.838E-06 1.458E-02 NM (c) 2.652E-04 2.042E-06 9.264E-04 1.201E-06 4.632E-04 2.167E-02 NM (c) 2.226E-02 1.714E-04 7.776E-02 1.008E-04 3.888E-02	Antimony	8.363E+00	NM (c)	1.023E-01	7.881E-04	3.575E-01	4.633E-04	1.787E-01	1.787E+00
1.406E-03 NM (c) 1.721E-05 1.325E-07 6.010E-05 7.789E-08 3.005E-05 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND 6.546E-05 NM (c) 8.011E-07 6.169E-09 2.798E-06 3.626E-09 1.399E-06 3.023E-05 8.600E-05 NM (c) 1.731E-05 8.103E-09 3.676E-06 4.764E-09 1.838E-06 1.458E-02 NM (c) 1.785E-04 1.374E-06 6.233E-04 8.078E-07 3.117E-04 2.167E-02 NM (c) 2.652E-04 2.042E-06 9.264E-04 1.201E-06 4.632E-04 1.819E+00 NM (c) 2.226E-02 1.714E-04 7.776E-02 1.008E-04 3.888E-02	Arsenic	1.668E-02	NM (c)	2.041E-04	1.572E-06	7.129E-04	9.240E-07	3.565E-04	3.565E-03
ND ND<	Barium	1.406E-03	NM (c)	1.721E-05	1.325E-07	6.010E-05	7.789E-08	3.005E-05	3.005E-04
6.546E-05 NM (c) 8.011E-07 6.169E-09 2.798E-06 3.626E-09 1.399E-06 1.415E-03 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.333E-07 6.047E-05 7.837E-08 3.023E-05 8.600E-05 NM (c) 1.052E-06 8.103E-09 3.676E-06 4.764E-09 1.838E-06 1.458E-02 NM (c) 1.785E-04 1.374E-06 6.233E-04 8.078E-07 3.117E-04 2.167E-02 NM (c) 2.652E-04 2.042E-06 9.264E-04 1.201E-06 4.632E-04 1.819E+00 NM (c) 2.226E-02 1.714E-04 7.776E-02 1.008E-04 3.888E-02	Beryllium	QN	NM (c)	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
1.415E-03 NM (c) 1.731E-05 1.335E-07 6.047E-05 7.837E-08 3.023E-05 8.600E-05 NM (c) 1.052E-06 8.103E-09 3.676E-06 4.764E-09 1.838E-06 1.458E-02 NM (c) 1.785E-04 1.374E-06 6.233E-04 8.078E-07 3.117E-04 2.167E-02 NM (c) 2.652E-04 2.042E-06 9.264E-04 1.201E-06 4.632E-04 1.819E+00 NM (c) 2.226E-02 1.714E-04 7.776E-02 1.008E-04 3.888E-02	Cadmium	6.546E-05	NM (c)	8.011E-07	6.169E-09	2.798E-06	3.626E-09	1.399E-06	1.399E-05
8.600E-05 NM (c) 1.052E-06 8.103E-09 3.676E-06 4.764E-09 1.838E-06 1.838E-06 1.458E-02 NM (c) 1.785E-04 1.374E-06 6.233E-04 8.078E-07 3.117E-04 2.167E-02 NM (c) 2.652E-04 2.042E-06 9.264E-04 1.201E-06 4.632E-04 1.819E+00 NM (c) 2.226E-02 1.714E-04 7.776E-02 1.008E-04 3.888E-02	Chromium	1.415E-03	NM (c)	1.731E-05	1.333E-07	6.047E-05	7.837E-08	3.023E-05	3.023E-04
1.458E-02 NM (c) 1.785E-04 1.374E-06 6.233E-04 8.078E-07 3.117E-04 2.167E-02 NM (c) 2.652E-04 2.042E-06 9.264E-04 1.201E-06 4.632E-04 1.819E+00 NM (c) 2.226E-02 1.714E-04 7.776E-02 1.008E-04 3.888E-02	Cobalt	8.600E-05	NM (c)	1.052E-06	8.103E-09	3.676E-06	4.764E-09	1.838E-06	1.838E-05
2.167E-02 NM (c) 2.652E-04 2.042E-06 9.264E-04 1.201E-06 4.632E-04 4.632E-04 1.819E+00 NM (c) 2.226E-02 1.714E-04 7.776E-02 1.008E-04 3.888E-02	Copper	1.458E-02	NM (c)	1.785E-04	1.374E-06	6.233E-04	8.078E-07	3.117E-04	3.117E-03
1.819E+00 NM (c) 2.226E-02 1.714E-04 7.776E-02 1.008E-04 3.888E-02	Lead	2.167E-02	NM (c)	2.652E-04	2.042E-06	9.264E-04	1.201E-06	4.632E-04	4.632E-03
	Magnesium	1.819E+00	NM (c)	2.226E-02	1.714E-04	7.776E-02	1.008E-04	3.888E-02	3.888E-01

Compound	Measured Actual Concentration (mg/m²)	Measured Background Concentration (mg/m²)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (Ib/Ib NEW)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (lb/ltem)	Total Mass of Pollutant Emitted (grams/item) M	Pollutant Concentration 10 Items (grams/m³) CONC	Pollutant Emission Rate (g/sec)/item ER ₁	Pollutant * Event Pollutant Emission Rate 10 (g/sec)/item Items (g/sec) ER, ER _{EV}
Manganese	3.955E-03	NM (c)	4.839E-05	3.726E-07	1.690E-04	2.191E-07	8.451E-05	8.451E-04
Nickel	2.455E-04	NM (c)	3.004E-06	2.313E-08	1.049E-05	1.360E-08	5.246E-06	5.246E-05
Phosphorus	2.264E-01	NM (c)	2.770E-03	2.133E-05	9.676E-03	1.254E-05	4.838E-03	4.838E-02
Selenium	1.798E-04	. (c) MN	2.200E-06	1.694E-08	7.685E-06	60-3096'6	3.842E-06	3.842E-05
Silver	3.543E-04	NM (c)	4.336E-06	3.339E-08	1.514E-05	1.963E-08	7.572E-06	7.572E-05
Thallium	QN	NM (c)	Q	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND
Zinc	9.399E-03	NM (c)	1.150E-04	8.856E-07	4.017E-04	5.206E-07	2.009E-04	2.009E-03
Mercury	QN	NM (c)	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND

Footnotes:

ND = Not Detected

NEW = Net Explosive Weight

NM = Not Measureable

a: HCI/Cl₂ levels were too low to be reliably measured. b: Presence questionable - reported at similar levels in samples and blanks.

c: Insufficient material to analyze.

d: Concentration reported was less than zero.

5/18/00

Table B-2: Air Modeling Output Data for Volatile Organic Compounds

	S	imulator Booby Trap Flash M11 Average NEW, Ib = 0.22 Average Number of Items = 29	imulator Booby Trap Flash M117 Average NEW, lb = 0.22 Average Number of Items = 29		Items per event (I): release duration (t): Unit Concentration (UC):	10 2 2.592E-04	10 items/hour 2 seconds 04 g/m^3	
Compound (a)	Measured Actual Concentration (mg/m³)	Measured Background Concentration (mg/m³)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (Ib/Ib NEW)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (Ib/item)	Total Mass of Pollutant Emitted (grams/item) M	Pollutant Concentration 10 Items (grams/m³) CONC	Pollutant Emission Rate (g/sec)/item ER ₁	* Event Pollutant Emission Rate 10 (fems (g/sec)
Total Nonmethane Hydrocarbons (TNMHC)								
TNMHC	9.070E-02	4.600E-02	4.949E-04	3.811E-06	1.729E-03	2.240E-06	8.643E-04	8.643E-03
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)								
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	QN	QN	ND	ND	ND	ND	QN	ND
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	8.615E-04	8.561E-04	5.961E-08	4.590E-10	2.082E-07	2.698E-10	1.041E-07	1.041E-06
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	QN	QN	ND	ON	QN	ND	QN	QN
1,1-Dichloroethane	QN	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	QN	QN	ON	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.255E-04	QN	3.604E-06	2.775E-08	1.259E-05	1.631E-08	6.293E-06	6.293E-05
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene & sec-Butylbenzene	3.000E-04	1.000E-04	2.214E-06	1.705E-08	7.734E-06	1.002E-08	3.867E-06	3.867E-05
1,2-Dibromoethane	QN	QN	ND	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN
1,2-Dichloroethane	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN
1,2-Dichloroethene	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN
1,2-Dichloropropane	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	QN	ON	ND	QN	QN	UD	QN	QN
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN
1,3-Butadiene	9.000E-04	2.000E-04	7.750E-06	5.968E-08	2.707E-05	3.508E-08	1.353E-05	1.353E-04
1,3-Butadiene	9.154E-04	2.034E-04	7.883E-06	6.070E-08	2.753E-05	3.568E-08	1.377E-05	1.377E-04
1,4-Dioxane	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	ND
1-Butanol	QN	ND	ND	QN	ND	ON	QN	QN
1-Butene	4.500E-04	1.300E-03	ND	ND	ND	ND	QN	ND
1-Hexene	QN	ND	ΩN	ND	ND	ND	QN	ND
1-Hydroxy-2-propanone	QN	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	QN	ND
1-Methylnaphthalene	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN	ND	ON	ND
1-Pentene	ND	ND	ND	QN	ND	ND	QN	ND
1-Propanol	ON	ND	ND	QN	ND	ND	QN	ND
2,2,4-Trimethylhexane	3.000E-04	ND	3.322E-06	2.558E-08	1.160E-05	1.503E-08	5.800E-06	5.800E-05
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	4.450E-03	5.000E-04	4.373E-05	3.367E-07	1.527E-04	1.980E-07	7.637E-05	7.637E-04
2,2-Dimethylbutane	1.000E-04	4.000E-04	ND	ON	ND	ON	QN	ND
2,2-Dimethylheptane	QN	ND	ND	ON	ND	ND	QN	ND
2,2-Dimethylpropane	ND	QN	QN Q	Q	QN .	QN	Q	ND
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	9.000E-04	1.000E-04	8.857E-06	6.820E-08	3.094E-05	4.009E-08	1.547E-05	1.547E-04
2,3-Butanedione	ND	ND	ND ND	QN ON	QV	QN	ON	ND
2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-1H-indene	QN	QN	QN	Q.	QV	ND	Q	ND

Conipound (a)	Measured Actual Concentration (mg/m²)	Measured Background Concentration (mg/m³)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (th/tb NEW)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (lb/ftem)	Total Mass of Pollutant Emitted (grams/ftem) M	Pollutant Concentration 10 Items (grams/m³) CONC	Pollutant Emission Rate (g/sec)/item ER,	Event Pollutant Emission Rate 10 Items (g/sec) ER _{ev}
2,3-Dihydro-4-methyl-1H-indene	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
2,3-Dimethylbutane	6.000E-04	1.000E-04	5.536E-06	4.263E-08	1.933E-05	2.506E-08	9.667E-06	9.667E-05
2,3-Dimethylhexane	4.000E-04	QN	4.429E-06	3.410E-08	1.547E-05	2.005E-08	7.734E-06	7.734E-05
2,3-Dimethylpentane	2.300E-03	2.000E-04	2.325E-05	1.790E-07	8.121E-05	1.052E-07	4.060E-05	4.060E-04
2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene	ND	ON	ND	QN	ND	QN	ND	QN
2,4-Dimethylhexane	4.500E-04	QN	4.982E-06	3.836E-08	1.740E-05	2.255E-08	8.701E-06	8.701E-05
2,4-Dimethylpentane	1.250E-03	1.000E-04	1.273E-05	9.804E-08	4.447E-05	5.763E-08	2.224E-05	2.224E-04
2,5-Dimethylhexane	3.000E-04	QN	3.322E-06	2.558E-08	1.160E-05	1.503E-08	5.800E-06	5.800E-05
2-Butanone	1.568E-03	8.692E-04	7.732E-06	5.954E-08	2.701E-05	3.500E-08	1.350E-05	1.350E-04
2-Butoxyethanol	ND	QN	QN	ON	ON	QV	QN	QN
2-Ethyl-1-hexanol	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN
2-Furaldehyde	1.307E-03	4.095E-04	90-38E6'6	7.652E-08	3.471E-05	4.498E-08	1.735E-05	1.735E-04
2-Methyl-1,3-dioxolane	ND	QN	QN	ON	QN	QN	QN	ND
2-Methyl-1-butene	ND	3.000E-04	ON	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN
2-Methyl-1-pentene	ND	QN	QN	ND	ON	QN	QN	QN
2-Methyl-2-butene	QN	ON	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND
2-Methyl-2-pentene	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
2-Methylfuran	ND	ND	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN
2-Methylheptane	2.500E-04	QN	2.768E-06	2.131E-08	9.667E-06	1.253E-08	4.834E-06	4.834E-05
2-Methylhexane	4.000E-04	1.000E-04	3.322E-06	2.558E-08	1.160E-05	1.503E-08	5.800E-06	5.800E-05
2-Methyinaphthalene	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN
2-Methylpentane	1.150E-03	3.000E-04	9.411E-06	7.246E-08	3.287E-05	4.260E-08	1.643E-05	1.643E-04
2-Methylpropanal	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	2	QN	ND
2-Methylpropanenitrile	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	2	QN	ND
2-Nitrophenol	Q	Q	QN	Q	QN	Q	QN	QN
2-Pentanone	2.989E-04	2.374E-04	6.810E-07	5.244E-09	2.378E-06	3.082E-09	1.189E-06	1.189E-05
2-Propanol	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	2	Q	Q
3-Ethylhexane	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
3-Methyl-1-butene	QN	1.000E-04	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN
3-Methylhexane	5.500E-04	4.000E-04	1.661E-06	1.279E-08	5.800E-06	7.517E-09	2.900E-06	2.900E-05
3-Methylpentane	8.500E-04	1.000E-04	8.304E-06	6.394E-08	2.900E-05	3.759E-08	1.450E-05	1.450E-04
4-Methyl-1-pentene	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
6-Methyl-5-hepten-2-one	QN	Q	Q	ON	QN	QN	QN	QN
Acetic Acid	2.832E-03	8.137E-04	2.234E-05	1.720E-07	7.803E-05	1.011E-07	3.901E-05	3.901E-04
Acetone	6.650E-03	5.352E-03	1.437E-05	. 1.107E-07	5.020E-05	6.505E-08	2.510E-05	2.510E-04
Acetonitrile	3.440E-04	QN	3.808E-06	2.932E-08	1.330E-05	1.724E-08	6.651E-06	6.651E-05
Acetophonone	3.716E-04	ND	4.114E-06	3.168E-08	1.437E-05	1.862E-08	7.185E-06	7.185E-05

Table B-2: Air Modeling Output Data for Volatile Organic Compounds

	Measured Actual	Measured	Average	Average	Total Mass of Pollidant	Concentration	Pollutant	* Event Pollutant
Compound (a)	Concentration	Background	Adjusted	Adjusted	Emitted (grams/item)	10 Items	Emission Rate	Emission Rate
	(mg/m³)	(mafm³)	CINISSION FACTOR	(Ib(tem)		(grams/m²)	(g/sec//illem	10 Items (g/sec)
The second secon		(mgm)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	M	CONC	ER	ERev
Acetylene	1.255E-02	3.200E-03	1.035E-04	7.971E-07	3.616E-04	4.686E-07	1.808E-04	1.808E-03
Acrolein	1.874E-03	QN	2.075E-05	1.598E-07	7.248E-05	9.393E-08	3.624E-05	3.624E-04
Acrylonitrile	2.985E-04	QN	3.305E-06	2.545E-08	1.154E-05	1.496E-08	5.771E-06	5.771E-05
Allyichloride	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	ND
alpha-Pinene	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	Q	QN	QN
Benzaldehyde	2.277E-03	1.153E-03	1.245E-05	9.586E-08	4.348E-05	5.635E-08	2.174E-05	2.174E-04
Benzene	4.750E-03	7.000E-04	4.484E-05	3.453E-07	1.566E-04	2.030E-07	7.831E-05	7.831E-04
Benzene	4.831E-03	7.120E-04	4.561E-05	3.512E-07	1.593E-04	2.064E-07	7.965E-05	7.965E-04
Benzofuran	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
Benzonitrile	2.302E-04	QN	2.549E-06	1.963E-08	8.904E-06	1.154E-08	4.452E-06	4.452E-05
Benzylchloride	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN
beta-Pinene	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QV	QN	QN
Butanal	3.928E-04	3.210E-04	7.948E-07	6.120E-09	2.776E-06	3.598E-09	1.388E-06	1.388E-05
Carbon Disulfide	3.460E-02	1.143E-03	3.705E-04	2.852E-06	1.294E-03	1.677E-06	6.469E-04	6.469E-03
Carbontetrachloride	7.722E-04	6.288E-04	1.588E-06	1.223E-08	5.547E-06	7.188E-09	2.773E-06	2.773E-05
Carbonyl Sulfide	3.974E-04	2.525E-04	1.604E-06	1.235E-08	5.603E-06	7.262E-09	2.802E-06	2.802E-05
Chlorobenzene	ND	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN
Chloroethene	1.492E-04	QN	1.652E-06	1.272E-08	5.769E-06	7.476E-09	2.884E-06	2.884E-05
Chloroform	ND	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND	QN	ND
cis 1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	ON
cis-2-Butene	1.000E-04	2.000E-04	QN	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN
cis-2-Hexene	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
cis-2-Pentene	ND	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN
cis-4-Methyl-2-pentene	QN	QN	QN	QN	ON	QN	QN	ND
Cyanogen	ΩN	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND
Cyclohexane	3.000E-04	4.000E-04	QN	Q	ND	ND	QN	ON
Cyclohexanone	2.235E-04	Q	2.475E-06	1.906E-08	8.644E-06	1.120E-08	4.322E-06	4.322E-05
Cyclopentane	ND	1.000E-04	QN	Q	ND	ND ND	QN	ND
Cyclopentanone	ND	Q	QN	Q	ND	ND	ND	ND
Cyclopentene	ND	QN	ON	ND	ON	ND	QN	QN
Decanal	4.607E-03	3.192E-03	1.567E-05	1.206E-07	5.472E-05	7.092E-08	2.736E-05	2.736E-04
delta 3-Carene	ND	QN	ON	ON	ND	ND	QN	QN
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.520E-03	3.698E-04	1.274E-05	9.807E-08	4.449E-05	5.765E-08	2.224E-05	2.224E-04
Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	ND	QN	ON	QN	ON	ND	ON	ND
Dimethyldisulfide	ND	QN	ON	ON	ND	ND	QN	QN
d-Limonene	ND	ND	QN	ON	ON	ND	QN	ON
ETBE	Q	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND
Ethane	3.300E-03	6.500E-03	QN	Q	QV	Q	QN	ND

Table B-2: Air Modeling Output Data for Volatile Organic Compounds

Compound (a) Concentration			A	Avelage	Total Mass of Poljutant	Concentration	Pollutant	* Event Pollutant
		_	Emission Factor	Emission Factor	Emitted (grams/item)	10 Items (grams/m³)	(g/sec)/item	10 Items (g/sec)
		(mg/m)	(IDIO NEVV)	(manem)	W	CONC	ER	ERev
	-	2.000E-04	2.214E-06	1.705E-08	7.734E-06	1.002E-08	3.867E-06	3.867E-05
	-04	Q	6.799E-06	5.235E-08	2.375E-05	3.078E-08	1.187E-05	1.187E-04
		QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN
		QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN
		2.600E-03	6.256E-05	4.817E-07	2.185E-04	2.832E-07	1.092E-04	1.092E-03
	-04	QN	1.970E-06	1.517E-08	6.880E-06	8.917E-09	3.440E-06	3.440E-05
		8.661E-04	4.732E-06	3.643E-08	1.653E-05	2.142E-08	8.263E-06	8.263E-05
		QN	QN	QN	ON	Q	GN	QN
	-	9.985E-04	3.666E-06	2.822E-08	1.280E-05	1.659E-08	6.401E-06	6.401E-05
		QN	QN	QN	QN	2	QN	QN
		4.000E-04	QN	QN	ND	QV	QN	QN
	-	8.000E-04	QN	QN	ND	Ð	QN	QN
		ON	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
	_	5.000E-04	4.429E-06	3.410E-08	1.547E-05	2.005E-08	7.734E-06	7.734E-05
		Q.	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
		1.000E-04	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
		3.658E-04	5.025E-06	3.870E-08	1.755E-05	2.275E-08	8.776E-06	8.776E-05
		Q	QN	Q	QN	QN	ND	QN
		QN	QN	QN	QN	ON	ND	QN
		QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
		QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	ND	QN
		QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	ΩN
		3.374E-04	4.381E-07	3.374E-09	1.530E-06	1.983E-09	7.651E-07	7.651E-06
		1.000E-04	1.107E-06	8.525E-09	3.867E-06	5.012E-09	1.933E-06	1.933E-05
Methylcyclopentane 5.000E-04		2.000E-04	3.322E-06	2,558E-08	1.160E-05	1.503E-08	5.800E-06	5.800E-05
Methylenechloride 5.830E-03		4.948E-04	5.907E-05	4.548E-07	2.063E-04	2.674E-07	1.032E-04	1.032E-03
Methylnitrite 6.177E-04	-04	QN	6.839E-06	5.266E-08	2.389E-05	3.096E-08	1.194E-05	1.194E-04
M-Ethyltoluene ND		QN	QN	ON	ND	ND	QN	QN
Methyl-vinyl Ketone ND		QN	QN	ON	ON	QN	QN	QN
MTBE 1.100E-03	-03	4.000E-04	7.750E-06	5.968E-08	2.707E-05	3.508E-08	1.353E-05	1.353E-04
MTBE 1.034E-03	5-03	1.839E-04	9.414E-06	7.249E-08	3.288E-05	4.261E-08	1.644E-05	1.644E-04
m-Xylene & p-Xylene	-04	4.000E-04	5.536E-06	4.263E-08	1.933E-05	2.506E-08	9.667E-06	9.667E-05
Naphthalene 7,156E-04	-04	ND	7.923E-06	6.101E-08	2.767E-05	3.586E-08	1.384E-05	1.384E-04
n-Butane 4.000E-04	-04	1.100E-03	QN	QN	QN	ON	QN	QN
n-Decane ND		QN	QN	QN	ON	Q	Q	QN
n-Heptane 4.000E-04	5-04	2.000E-04	2.214E-06	1.705E-08	7.734E-06	1.002E-08	3.867E-06	3.867E-05
n-Hexane 1.200E-03	5-03	2.000E-04	1.107E-05	8.525E-08	3.867E-05	5.012E-08	1.933E-05	1.933E-04
Nitromethane 6.873E-04	€-04	Q.	7.609E-06	5.859E-08	2.658E-05	3.444E-08	1.329E-05	1.329E-04

Table B-2: Air Modeling Output Data for Volatile Organic Compounds

Compound (a)	Measured Actual Concentration (mg/m³)	Measured Background Concentration (mg/m³)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (Ib/Ib NEW)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (lb/item)	Total Mass of Pollutant Emitted (grams/item) M	Pollutant Concentration 10 Items (grams/m³) CONC	Pollutant Emission Rate (g/sec)/item ER,	Event Pollutant Emission Rate 10 Items (g/sec) ER _E v
n-Nonane	5.000E-04	QN	5.536E-06	4.263E-08	1.933E-05	2.506E-08	9.667E-06	9.667E-05
n-Octane	1.500E-04	1.000E-04	5.536E-07	4.263E-09	1.933E-06	2.506E-09	9.667E-07	9.667E-06
Nonanal	4.906E-03	2.870E-03	2.254E-05	1.735E-07	7.872E-05	1.020E-07	3.936E-05	3.936E-04
n-Pentane	8.000E-04	5.000E-04	3.322E-06	2.558E-08	1.160E-05	1.503E-08	5.800E-06	5.800E-05
n-Propylbenzene	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QV	QN	QN
Octanal	3.105E-03	2.207E-03	9.949E-06	7.661E-08	3.475E-05	4.503E-08	1.737E-05	1.737E-04
o-Dichlorobenzene	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
o-Ethyltoluene	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN
o-Xylene	4.000E-04	2.000E-04	2.214E-06	1.705E-08	7.734E-06	1.002E-08	3.867E-06	3.867E-05
o-Xylene	4.068E-04	QN	4.505E-06	3.468E-08	1.573E-05	2.039E-08	7.866E-06	7.866E-05
p-Dichlorobenzene	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	S	Q	QN
Pentanal	1.645E-03	1.306E-03	3.759E-06	2.894E-08	1.313E-05	1.701E-08	6.564E-06	6.564E-05
Pentanenitrile	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	ON
Perchloroethylene	QV	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
p-Ethyltoluene	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
p-Ethyltoluene	QN	QN	QN	QN	ON	QN	QN	ND
Phenylacetylene	2.424E-04	QN	2.684E-06	2.066E-08	9.373E-06	1.215E-08	4.687E-06	4.687E-05
Propane	1.300E-03	2.600E-03	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN
Propanenitrile	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND
Propene	2.100E-03	3.100E-03	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
Styrene	7.000E-04	Q	7.750E-06	5.968E-08	2.707E-05	3.508E-08	1.353E-05	1.353E-04
Styrene	3.721E-04	QN	4.120E-06	3.172E-08	1.439E-05	1.865E-08	7.195E-06	7.195E-05
Tetrahydrofuran	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	ON
Thiophene	4.147E-04	ND	4.591E-06	3.535E-08	1.604E-05	2.078E-08	8.018E-06	8.018E-05
Toluene	3.000E-03	8.000E-04	2.436E-05	1.876E-07	8.507E-05	1.103E-07	4.254E-05	4.254E-04
Toluene	3.051E-03	8.137E-04	2.477E-05	1.908E-07	8.653E-05	1.121E-07	4.326E-05	4.326E-04
trans 1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	QN	QN	QN	QN	ON	ON	ND	ND
trans-2-Butenal	3.977E-04	QN	4.403E-06	3.391E-08	1.538E-05	1.993E-08	7.689E-06	7.689E-05
trans-2-Butene	1.200E-03	2.000E-04	1.107E-05	8.525E-08	3.867E-05	5.012E-08	1.933E-05	1.933E-04
trans-2-Hexene	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND	ON	ND
trans-2-Pentene	QN	1.000E-04	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND
Trichloroethylene	QN	QN	QN	QΝ	QN	ON	QN	QN
Trichloromonofluoromethane	2.482E-03	ON	2.748E-05	2.116E-07	9.598E-05	1.244E-07	4.799E-05	4.799E-04
Vinylidenechloride	QN	QN	ON	QN	ND	QN	ND	QN
Enotrotes:								

a: Items in bold represent duplicate values for those compounds that are common for Method TO-14 and TO-12. ND = Not Detected NEW = Net Explosive Weight

Table B-3: Air Modeling Output Data for Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds

		Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117 Average NEW, Ib = 0.22 Average Number of Items = 29	oby Irap Flash M117 NEW, lb = 0.22 Imber of Items = 29		Items per event (I): release duration (t): Unit Concentration (UC):	10 2 2.592E-04	10 items/hour 2 seconds 2.592E-04 g/m^3/(g/s)	
Compound	Measured Actual Concentration (mg/m³)	Measured Background Concentration (mg/m³)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (Ib/Ib NEW)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (lb/item)	Total Mass of Pollutant Emitted (grams/item) M	Pollutant Concentration 10 Items (grams/m³) CONC	Pollutant Emission Rate (g/sec)/item ER ₁	* Event Pollutant Emission Rate 10 Items (g/sec) ER _{EV}
Particulate/Vapor-phase SVOCs								
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN.
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	QN ·	QN .	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QV	Q	QN
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q.	QN
1,4-Naphthoquinone	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	S	Q	Q
1-Naphthylamine	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	2	QN	QN
2,3,4,6-Tetrachiorophenol	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q.	Q.	QN
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	QN	ND	QN	ND	QN	ON	QN	Ð
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	Q.	Q	QN ON
2,4-Dichlorophenol	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q.	QN	Q.
2,4-Dimethylphenol	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	2	Q	Q.
2,4-Dinitrophenol	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	Ð
2,6-Dichlorophenol	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	ON	QN	QN
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	QN	QN	ON	QN	ON	QN	QV	QN ON
2-Acetylaminofluorene	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q.
2-Chloronaphthalene	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	ON	QN	QN
2-Chlorophenol	Q	ND	QN	QN	ON	ND	ON	QN
2-Methylnaphthalene	Q	QN	QN	ND	ON	ON	QN	QN
2-Methylphenol	Q	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN
2-Naphthylamine	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN
2-Nitroaniline	QN	ND	ON	ND	ND	UN	QN	QN
2-Nitrophenol	QN	ND	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN
2-Picoline	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	· QN	QN
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	QN	ND	ON	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	Q	ND ND	QN	QN	ON	ND	ND	QN
3-Methylcholanthrene	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
3-Nitroaniline	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
4-Aminobiphenyl	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN
4-Bromophenylphenyl ether	QN	QN	QN	CN	CN	QN	CN	CIV

Compound	Measured Actual Concentration (mg/m³)	Measured Background Concentration (mg/m³)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (Ib/Ib NEW)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (lb/item)	Total Mass of Poliutant Emitted (grams/item) M	Pollutant Concentration 10 Items (grams/m³) CONC	Pollutant Emission Rate (g/sec)/item ER,	• Event Pollutant Emission Rate 10 Items (g/sec) ER _{EV}
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	QN	QN	QN	Q	ON	QN	QN	QN
4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether	QV	QN	QN	QN.	QN	QN	QN	QN
4-Methylphenol/3-Methylphenol	QN	QN	Q	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q
	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN
	QN	QN	QN	QV	QN	QN	QN	QN
4-Nitroquinoline-1-oxide	QN	QN	Q	ND	QN	ND	QN	QN
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	Q
7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	Q	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	Q	QN
Acenaphthene	Q	QN	Q	QN	QΝ	ND	QN	Q
Acenaphthylene	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
Acetophenone	3.623E-04	2.808E-04	9.977E-07	7.682E-09	3.485E-06	4.516E-09	1.742E-06	1.742E-05
	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
	Q.	QN	QN.	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
Benz(a)anthracene	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	ON .	QN
Benz(a)pyrene	QN	QN	Ð	2	QN	QN	QN	Q
	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	QN	QN	Q	QN	ON	QN	Q	QN
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	QN	Q	Q	QN	ON	QN	QN	Q
Benzoic acid	QN	Q	QN	QN	ND	Q	QN	Q
Benzyl alcohol	QN	QN	QN	QN	ON	ND	Q	Q
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	QN	S	Q	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	QN	Q	Q	QN	ND	QN	Q	Q
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q.	Q
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	QN	Q	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	Q
Butylbenzylphthalate	3.242E-04	QN	3.967E-06	3.055E-08	1.386E-05	1.796E-08	6.928E-06	6.928E-05
	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	Q	Q
Chlorobenzilate	2	ΔN	QN	ON	QN	Q	QV	Q
	QV	g	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	Q
	QN	2	Q	QN	ND	Q	QN	QN
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	QN	Q	QN	QN	ND	ΩN	QN	Q
Dibenzofuran	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	Q
Diethylphthalate	2.532E-04	4.340E-04	QN	QN	ND	QN	Q	Q
Dimethylphenethylamine	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	Q	QN	QN
Dimethylphthalate	QN	QV	QN	QN	ON	QN	Q	Q
Di-n-butytphthalate	1.436E-03	7.766E-04	8.070E-06	6.214E-08	2.8	3.653E-08	1.409E-05	1.409E-04
Di a anti-da la familia de de	9	CIN	CIN	CN	UN UN	CZ	Ç	CZ

5/18/00

Table B-3: Air Modeling Output Data for Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds

illutant ate 10 (sec)																-05																					_
* Event Pollutant Emission Rate 10 Items (g/sec) ER _{EV}	QN	Q	QN	QN.	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	6.424E-05	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	9	9	Q	QN	ᄝ	QN	QN	Q	S	9	Q	9	QN
Pollutant Emission Rate (g/sec)/item ER,	ND	QN	ND	QN	ND	ND	ON	ND	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	ON	QN	6.424E-06	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN
Pollutant Concentration 10 Items (grams/m³) CONC	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	1.665E-08	QN	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND	ND	ND	ND	QN	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	QN	QN
Total Mass of Pollutant Emitted (grams/item) M	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	1.285E-05	ND	QN	QN	ND	ON	ON	ND	ON	ND	ND	QN	ND	ND	ND	ON	ND	ND	QN	ON	ND	QN
Average Adjusted Emission Factor (lb/item)	QN	Q	9	Ð	Ð	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q	QN	2	S	2.832E-08	QN	QN	DN	QN	QN	QN	QΝ	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	GΝ	QN	QΝ	QN	QN	2
Average Adjusted Emission Factor (Ib/Ib NEW)	QN	QN	Q	QV	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	QV	QN	3.678E-06	ND	QN	ND	QN	ND	Q	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ON	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q
Measured Background Concentration (mg/m³)	QN	QV	Q	QN	QV	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	S	QN	Q	QV	QV	QN	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND	ND	ND	ON	ND	QN	QN	QN	ND	ON	ND	ND	QN
Measured Actual Concentration (mg/m³)	QN	QN	QN	Q	QV	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QV	QN	3.006E-04	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q
Compound	Diphenylamine/N-NitrosoDPA	Ethyl methanesulfonate	Fluoranthene	Fluorene	Hexachlorobenzene	Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	Hexachloroethane	Hexachloropropene	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	Isophorone	Isosafrole	Kepone	Methapyrilene	Methyl methanesulfonate	Naphthalene	Nitrobenzene	N-Nitrosodiethylamine	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	N-Nitrosomorpholine	N-Nitrosopiperidine	N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	o-Toluidine	p-Chloroaniline	p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	Pentachlorobenzene	Pentachloroethane	Pentachloronitrobenzene	Pentachlorophenol	Phenacetin	Phenanthrene	Phenol	Pronamide	Pyrene

Compound	Measured Actual Concentration (mg/m³)	Measured Background Concentration (mg/m²)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (tb/lb NEW)	Average Adjusted Emission Factor (tb/item)	Total Mass of Pollutant Emitted (grams/item) M	Pollutant Concentration 10 Items (grams/m³) CONC	Pollutant Emission Rate (g/sec)/item ER,	* Event Pollutant Emission Rate 10 Items (g/sec)
Pyridine	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ON
Safrole	QV	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ON	QN
sym-Trinitrobenzene	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ON	QN	QN

Footnotes: ND = Not Detected NEW = Net Explosive Weight

5/18/00

APPENDIX C

HEALTH-BASED SCREENING LEVELS AND ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

Appendix C: Health-based Screening Levels and Acute Toxicity Values

			For the	For the Chronic Evaluation (HBSL)	Huation (HE	3SL)		For the Act	FOR the Acute Evaluation (A I V)	(> \)
		Region 9	Toxicity	Region 9	Toxicity	Health-based				Acute Toxicity
		PRG	Endpoint	RBC	Endpoint	Screening Level	ERPG	TEEL	Source	Value
Compound	CAS#	(µg/m³)	(c or nc)	(mg/m³)	(c or nc)	(µg/m³)	(hg/m³)	(mg/m ₃)	(T or E)	(hg/m³)
TSP	12789-66-1	5.00E+01		Ä		5.00E+01				0.00E+00
PM ₁₀		5.00E+01		NA		5.00E+01				0.00E+00
HCI	7647-01-0	2.08E+01	пС	2.08E+01	ည	2.08E+01		7.14E+03	L	7.14E+03
Ci ₂	7782-50-5	2.09E-01	nc	3.65E+02	ဥ	2.09E-01	2.89E+03	2.90E+03	ш	2.89E+03
Dioxin TEQ	1746-01-6	4.48E-08	υ	4.48E-08	O	4.48E-08		3.50E+00	⊢	3.50E+00
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	630-08-0	1.57E+02		AN		1.57E+02	2.30E+05	2.28E+05	ш	2.30E+05
Nitrogen Oxide (NOx)	10024-97-2	1.00E+02		NA		1.00E+02		2.70E+05	F	2.70E+05
HCI (CEM System)	7647-01-0	2.08E+01	пС	2.08E+01	nc Du	2.08E+01		7.14E+03	T	7.14E+03
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	124-38-9	ΑN		NA		NA		5.40E+07	1	5.40E+07
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	202-58-84	8.00E+01		ΑN		8.00E+01	7.89E+02	7.86E+02	Ш	7.89E+02
Aluminum	7429-90-5	AN		3.65E+00	nc	3.65E+00		3.00E+04	T	3.00E+04
Antimony	7440-36-0	AN		1.46E+00	nc	1.46E+00		1.50E+03	1	1.50E+03
Arsenic	7440-38-2	4.47E-04	ပ	4.15E-04	ပ	4.47E-04		3.00E+01	1	3.00E+01
Barium	7440-39-3	5.21E-01	uc	5.11E-01	nc	5.21E-01		1.50E+03	┸	1.50E+03
Beryllium	7440-41-7	8.00E-04	U	7.45E-04	ပ	8.00E-04		5.00E+00	Ţ	5.00E+00
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1.07E-03	υ	9.94E-04	O	1.07E-03		3.00E+01	T	3.00E+01
Chromium	7440-43-9		O	1.53E-04	ပ	1.53E-04		1.50E+03	T	1.50E+03
Cobalt	7440-48-4			2.20E+02	nc	2.20E+02		6.00E+01	⊢	6.00E+01
Copper	7440-50-8	-		1.46E+02	DC.	1.46E+02		3.00E+03	⊢	3.00E+03
Lead	7439-92-1	1.50E+00		NA		1.50E+00		1.50E+02	_	1.50E+02
Magnesium	7439-95-4			NA		NA		3.00E+04	T	3.00E+04
Manganese	7439-96-5	5.11E-02	nc	5.22E-02	nc	5.11E-02		3.00E+03	Ţ	3.00E+03
Nickel	7440-02-0	NA		7.30E+01	nc	7.30E+01		3.00E+03	1	3.00E+03
Phosphorus	7723-14-0			NA		NA		3.00E+02	1	3.00E+02
Selenium	7782-49-2			1.83E+01	nc	1.83E+01		6.00E+02	1	6.00E+02
Silver	7740-22-4			1.83E+01	nc	1.83E+01				0.00E+00
Thallium	7440-28-0			2.56E-01	nc	2.56E-01				0.00E+00
Zinc	7440-66-6	NA		1.10E+03	nc	1.10E+03		3.00E+04	T	3.00E+04
Mercury	7439-97-6	3.	nc	3.14E-01	nc	3.13E-01		1.00E+02	1	1.00E+02
TNMHC		NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	3.31E-02	၁	3.13E-02	ပ	3.31E-02				0.00E+00
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	76-13-1	3.13E+04	nc	3.14E+04	nc	3.13E+04		9.58E+06	⊢	9.58E+06
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2-00-62	1.20E-01	၁	1.12E-01	ပ	1.20E-01				0.00E+00
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	5.21E+02	nc	5.11E+02	nc	5.21E+02				0.00E+00
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	2.1E+02	nc	2.08E+02	nc	2.08E+02		3.71E+04	⊢	3.71E+04
4 O 4 Trimothyllogram	05.62.6	C 21ELOO	2	6 21E+00	Ç	S 24E+00		1 POETOR	}	DO: LOO F

C-5

			For the (For the Chronic Evaluation (HBSL)	luation (HI	3SL)		For the Ac	For the Acute Evaluation (ATV)	n (ATV)
	3.	Region 9	Toxicity	Region 9	Toxicity	Health-based				Acute Toxicity
		PRG	Endpoint	RBC	Endpoint	Screening Level	ERPG	TEEL	Source	Value
Compound	CAS#	(µg/m³)	(c or nc)	(µg/m³)	(c or nc)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(mg/m³)	(T or E)	(ng/m³)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene & sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	3.65E+01	nc	3.65E+01	uc	3.65E+01				0.00E+00
1,2-Dibromoethane	106-93-4	8.73E-03	ပ	8.24E-03	O	8.73E-03				0.00E+00
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	7.39E-02	o	6.88E-02	O	7.39E-02				0.00E+00
1,2-Dichloroethene	540-59-0	ΑN		3.29E+01	nc	3.29E+01		2.38E+06	1	2.38E+06
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	9.89E-02	υ	9.21E-02	O	9.89E-02				0.00E+00
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	6.21E+00	пС	6.21E+00	υC	6.21E+00		3.68E+05	Ļ	3.68E+05
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	6.21E+00	nc	6.21E+00	၁ပ	6.21E+00		3.68E+05	T	3.68E+05
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	3.7E-03	S	3.48E-03	ပ	3.74E-03	2.20E+04	2.21E+04	Э	2.20E+04
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	3.7E-03	O	3.48E-03	ပ	3.74E-03	2.20E+04	2.21E+04	Ш	2.20E+04
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	6.11E-01	v	9.13E+01	O	6.11E-01				0.00E+00
1-Butanol	71-36-3	3.65E+02	nc	3.65E+02	nc	3.65E+02				0.00E+00
1-Butene	106-98-9	ΑN		Ā		AN				0.00E+00
1-Hexene	592-41-6	ΑN		NA		NA		1.03E+05	Τ	1.03E+05
1-Hydroxy-2-propanone	116-09-6	NA		NA		AN				0.00E+00
1-Methylnaphthalene	90-12-0	ΝA		Ϋ́		NA				0.00E+00
1-Pentene	109-67-1	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
1-Propanol	71-23-8	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2,2,4-Trimethylhexane	16747-25-5	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	NA		NA		NA		3.50E+05	T	3.50E+05
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	NA		NA		NA		1.80E+06	j-	1.80E+06
2,2-Dimethylheptane	1071-26-7	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2,2-Dimethylpropane	463-82-1	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	ΑN		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2,3-Butanedione	431-03-8	AN		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-1H-indene	767-58-8	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2,3-Dihydro-4-methyl-1H-indene		NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	NA		ΝΑ		NA				0.00E+00
2,3-Dimethylhexane	584-94-1	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene	107-39-1	AN		¥		NA				0.00E+00
2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene	107-40-4	NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
2,4-Dimethylhexane	589-43-5	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2,5-Dimethylhexane	592-13-2	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2-Butanone	78-93-3	1.04E+03	nc	1.04E+03	nc	1.04E+03		8.85E+05	⊢	8.85E+05
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	2.09E+01	nc	2.08E+01	nc	2.09E+01				0.00E+00
2-Fthvl-1-hexanol	104-76-7	AN		ΑN		AN AN				0.00E+00

Appendix C: Health-based Screening Levels and Acute Toxicity Values

						SE.		וווב ארו	rof the Acute Evaluation (ATV)	(A14)
		Region 9	Toxicity	Region 9	Toxicity	Health-based		Į,		Acute Toxicity
	7 040	PRG	Endpoint	RBC	Endpoint	Screening Level	ERPG	TEEL (iia/m³)	Source	Value
Compound	CA3#	(mgd)	(c or nc)	(mg/III)	(cornc)	(m/gd)	(mg/ll)	(m/6rd)	(1 or E)	(m/grt)
2-Furaldehyde	98-01-1	5.21E+01	nc	3.65E+01	nc	5.21E+01	8.00E+03		В	8.00E+03
2-Methyl-1,3-dioxolane	497-26-7	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2-Methyl-1-butene	563-46-2	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2-Methyl-1-pentene	763-29-1	ΑN		ΑΝ		AN				0.00E+00
2-Methyi-2-butene	513-35-9	ΑN		ΝΑ		N A				0.00E+00
2-Methyl-2-pentene	625-27-4	ΑN		ΑΝ		NA				0.00E+00
2-Methylfuran	534-22-5	ΑΝ		ΑΝ		NA				0.00E+00
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	ΑN		AN		NA				0.00E+00
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	ΑΝ		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	ΝΑ		7.30E+01	22	7.30E+01		2.00E+04	F	2.00E+04
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	AN		ΑN		NA A		1.80E+06	L	1.80E+06
2-Methylpropanal	78-84-2	ΑΝ		ΝA		NA AN				0.00E+00
2-Methylpropanenitrile	78-82-0	NA		AN		NA	-			0.00E+00
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2-Pentanone	107-87-9	AN		NA		NA		8.80E+05	T	8.80E+05
2-Propanol	67-63-0	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
3-Ethylhexane	619-99-8	NA		ΝA		NA				0.00E+00
3-Methyl-1-butene	563-45-1	NA		ΑN		NA				0.00E+00
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	NA		ΝΑ		NA				0.00E+00
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
4-Methyl-1-pentene	691-37-2	NA		ΑN		NA				0.00E+00
6-Methyl-5-hepten-2-one	101-99-0	NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
Acetic Acid	64-19-7	NA		NA		NA		3.68E+04	1	3.68E+04
Acetone	67-64-1	3.65E+02	uc	3.65E+02	nc	3.65E+02		2.37E+06	T	2.37E+06
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	6.2E+01	nc	6.21E+01	nc	6.21E+01		1.01E+05	1	1.01E+05
Acetophenone	88-86-2	2.08E-02	nc	2.08E-02	nc	2.08E-02		3.00E+04	T	3.00E+04
Acetylene	74-86-2	NA		ΑN		NA				0.00E+00
Acrolein	107-02-8	2.09E-02	nc	2.08E-02	nc	2.09E-02	2.30E+02	2.29E+02	В	2.30E+02
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	2.83E-02	O	2.61E-02	O	2.83E-02	2.20E+04		ш	2.20E+04
Allylchloride	107-05-1	1.04E+00	nc	AN		1.04E+00				0.00E+00
alpha-Pinene	80-26-8	NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
Benzaldehyde	100-52-7	3.65E+02	၁ပ	3.65E+02	nc	3.65E+02		1.50E+04	Ţ	1.50E+04
Benzene	71-43-2	2.5E-01	ပ	2.16E-01	O	2.49E-01	1.56E+05	1.60E+05	Ш	1.56E+05
Benzene	71-43-2	2.5E-01	υ	2.16E-01	υ	2.49E-01	1.56E+05	1.60E+05	Э	1.56E+05
Benzofuran	271-89-6	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Benzonitrile	100-47-0	NA		NA		NA		1.50E+04	Τ	1.50E+04
Benzylchloride	100-44-7	3.96E-02	ပ	3.68E-02	ပ	3.96E-02				0.00E+00

			Ear tho	For the Chronic Evaluation (HRSI	lustion (HE	(100		For the Aci	For the Acute Evaluation (ATV)	n (ATV)
			בסו נוופ	SHOHIC EVA	Idation (ri	33E)		ו מו נווב ער	ite Evaluatio	(A U)
		Region 9	Toxicity	Region 9	Toxicity	Health-based		į		Acute Toxicity
		PRG ,	Endpoint	RBC	Endpoint	Screening Level	ERPG	TEEL	Source	Value
Compound	CAS#	(µg/m³)	(c or nc)	(ˈm/grl)	(c or nc)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(T or E)	('m/grl)
beta-Pinene	127-91-3	AN		NA		AN				0.00E+00
Butanal	123-72-8	NA		NA		NA		7.38E+04	Ţ	7.38E+04
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	7.30E+02	ou	7.30E+02	nc	7.30E+02	3.10E+03	3.73E+04	ш	3.10E+03
Carbontetrachloride	56-23-5	1.28E-01	၁	1.18E-01	O	1.28E-01	1.28E+05		Е	1.28E+05
Carbonyl Sulfide	463-58-1	NA		ΝA		NA		9.84E+03	⊥	9.84E+03
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	6.2E+01	nc	6.21E+01	ou	6.21E+01				0.00E+00
Chloroethene	75-01-4	2.24E-02	υ	2.09E-02	O	2.24E-02				0.00E+00
Chloraform	67-66-3	8.35E-02	O	7.73E-02	O	8.35E-02	2.48E+05		Ш	2.48E+05
cis 1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	10061-01-5	5.17E-02	υ	4.82E-02	O	5.17E-02				0.00E+00
cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	Ϋ́		ΑN		NA				0.00E+00
cis-2-Hexene	7688-21-3	¥		ΑN		NA				0.00E+00
cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	AN		¥		ΑN				0.00E+00
cis-4-Methyl-2-pentene	691-38-3	ΑN		AN AN		NA				0.00E+00
Cyanogen	2074-87-5	ΑN		NA		AN				0.00E+00
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NA		NA		ΑN		3.10E+06	⊥	3.10E+06
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	1.83E+04	2	1.83E+04	nc	1.83E+04				0.00E+00
Cyclopentane	278-92-3	ΝΑ		ΝΑ		AN				0.00E+00
Cyclopentanone	120-92-3	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Cyclopentene	142-29-0	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Decanal	112-31-2		,	NA		AN				0.00E+00
delta 3-Carene	13466-78-9	NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	2.09E+02	uc	1.83E+02	nc	2.09E+02		1.48E+07	T	1.48E+07
Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	1320-37-2	ΑN		ΑN		AN				0.00E+00
Dimethyldisulfide	624-92-0	ΑN		Ϋ́		NA				0.00E+00
d-Limonene	5989-27-5	NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
ETBE	637-92-3	NA.		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Ethane	74-84-0	AN		AN		NA				0.00E+00
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.06E+03	nc	1.06E+03	nc	1.06E+03		5.43E+05	T	5.43E+05
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.06E+03	uc	1.06E+03	nc	1.06E+03		5.43E+05	T	5.43E+05
Ethylchloride	75-00-3	2.3E+00	nc	NA		2.32E+00				0.00E+00
Ethylcyclohexane	1678-91-7	AN		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Ethylene	74-85-1	NA		NA		NA		4.60E+05	1	4.60E+05
Furan	110-00-9	3.65E+00	nc	3.65E+00	nc	3.65E+00		1.67E+02	_	1.67E+02
Heptanal	111-71-7	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	8.73E-02	O	8.03E-02	၁	8.73E-02				0.00E+00
Hexanal	66-25-1	ΝΑ		Y Y		NA				0.00E+00
Hexanenitrile	628-73-9	ΑN		ΝA		AN				0.00E+00

Appendix C: Health-based Screening Levels and Acute Toxicity Values

			במו ווופ ר	I OF THE CHICKLY LANGER (TIDOL)	וחממכנו לו יו	1700		רטי ווופ אני	For the Acute Evaluation (ATV)	()
and the second s		Region 9	Toxicity	Region 9	Toxicity	Health-based				Acute Toxicity
		PRG	Endpoint	RBC	Endpoint	Screening Level	ERPG	TEEL	Source	Value
Compound	CAS#	(µg/m³)	(c or nc)	(µg/m³)	(c or nc)	(µg/m³)	(ng/m³)	(µg/m³)	(T or E)	(mg/m ₃)
i-Butane	75-28-5	ΑN		AN		NA		9.52E+05	T	9.52E+05
i-Butene	115-11-7	NA		AN		NA		6.87E+06	T	6.87E+06
Indane	496-11-7	AN		AN		NA		1.25E+05	1	1.25E+05
i-Pentane	78-78-4	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
i-Propylbenzene	98-82-8	4.02E+02	nc	4.02E+02	bu	4.02E+02				0.00E+00
Isoprene	78-79-5	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
m&p-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	7.30E+02	nc	7.30E+03	nc	7.30E+02		6.51E+05	Τ	6.51E+05
m-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	3.3E+00	nc	3.29E+00	nc	3.29E+00				0.00E+00
Methacrolein	78-85-3	ΑΝ		AN		NA				0.00E+00
Methyi Methacrylate	80-62-6	7.30E+02	υc	7.30E+02	nc	7.30E+02				0.00E+00
Methylbromide	74-83-9	5.21E+00	nc	5.11E+00	nc	5.21E+00				0.00E+00
Methylchloride	74-87-3	1.07E+00	O	1.79E+00	၁	1.07E+00				0.00E+00
Methylchloroform	71-55-6	1.04E+03	nc	1.04E+03	วน	1.04E+03	1.94E+06		Ш	1.94E+06
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	3.13E+03	nc	3.14E+03	nc	3.13E+03		4.81E+06	T	4.81E+06
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	AN		NA		AN				0.00E+00
Methylenechloride	75-09-2	4.09E+00	၁	3.79E+00	0	4.09E+00	6.96E+05	6.94E+05	Ш	6.96E+05
Methylnitrite	624-91-9	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
m-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	NA		NA		AN				0.00E+00
Methyl-vinyl Ketone	78-94-4	NA		NA		NA		8.61E+01	T	8.61E+01
MTBE	1634-04-4	3.13E+03	nc	3.13E+03	uc	3.13E+03		4.32E+05	⊢	4.32E+05
MTBE	1634-04-4	3.13E+03	nc	3.13E+03	nc	3.13E+03		4.32E+05	Τ	4.32E+05
m-Xylene & p-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	7.30E+02	nc	7.30E+03	bu	7.30E+02		6.51E+05	1	6.51E+05
Naphthalene	91-20-3	3.13E+00	nc	3.29E+00	bu	3.13E+00		7.86E+04	T	7.86E+04
n-Butane	106-97-8	NA		NA		AN				0.00E+00
n-Decane	124-18-5	NA		NA		NA		4.37E+03	1	4.37E+03
n-Heptane	142-82-5	AA		NA		NA		1.80E+06	_	1.80E+06
n-Hexane	110-54-3	2.09E+02	nc	2.08E+02	nc	2.09E+02		5.28E+05	⊢	5.28E+05
Nitromethane	75-52-5	NA		NA		NA		1.50E+05	⊢	1.50E+05
n-Nonane	111-84-2	NA		NA		NA		1.05E+06	Ţ	1.05E+06
n-Octane	111-65-9	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Nonanal	124-19-6	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
n-Pentane	109-66-0	NA		NA		NA		1.80E+06	⊢	1.80E+06
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	3.65E+01	nc	NA		3.65E+01		3.68E+05	Τ	3.68E+05
Octanal	124-13-0	NA A		NA		ΑN				0.00E+00
o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	2.09E+02	nc	3.29E+01	nc	2.09E+02				0.00E+00
o-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	¥		ΔN		Ϋ́		7.50E+02	-	7 50F+02

Appendix C: Health-based Screening Levels and Acute Toxicity Values

			For the (For the Chronic Evaluation (HBSL	luation (HE	SL)		For the Act	For the Acute Evaluation (ATV)	n (ATV)
		Region 9	Toxicity	Region 9	Toxicity	Health-based				Acute Toxicity
		PRG	Endpoint	RBC	Endpoint	Screening Level	ERPG	TEEL	Source	Value
Compound	CAS#	(µg/m³)	(c or nc)	(µg/m³)	(c or nc)	(µg/m³)	(hg/m³)	(hg/m³)	(T or E)	(mg/m³)
o-Xylene	95-47-6	7.30E+02	21	7.30E+03	nc	7.30E+02		6.51E+05	T	6.51E+05
o-Xylene	95-47-6	7.30E+02	nc	7.30E+03	nc	7.30E+02		6.51E+05	T	6.51E+05
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	2.80E-01	O	2.85E-01	0	2.80E-01				0.00E+00
Pentanal	110-62-3	ΝΑ		AN		NA				0.00E+00
Pentanenitrile	110-59-8	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Perchloroethylene	127-18-4	3.31E+00	υ	3.13E+00	ပ	3.31E+00	6.89E+05	6.78E+05	Е	6.89E+05
p-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	ΝΑ		NA		NA		1.25E+05	-	1.25E+05
p-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	Ϋ́		ΑN		ΑN		1.25E+05	F	1.25E+05
Phenylacetylene	536-74-3	ΑN		NA		AN				0.00E+00
Propane	74-98-6	ΑΝ		NA		NA		3.78E+06	L	3.78E+06
Propanenitrile	107-12-0	Ϋ́		NA		AN		3.38E+04	F	3.38E+04
Propene	115-07-1	Ϋ́		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Styrene	100-42-5	1.06E+03	J.	1.04E+03	nc	1.06E+03	2.13E+05	2.13E+05	ш	2.13E+05
Styrene	100-42-5	1.06E+03	nc	1.04E+03	nc	1.06E+03	2.13E+05	2.13E+05	Ш	2.13E+05
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	9.9E-01	nc	9.21E-01	၁	9.89E-01				0.00E+00
Thiophene	110-02-1	AN AN		ΑN		NA				0.00E+00
Toluene	108-88-3	4.02E+02	nc	4.16E+02	nc	4.02E+02	1.88E+05	1.89E+05	Е	1.88E+05
Toluene	108-88-3	4.02E+02	ou	4.16E+02	uc	4.02E+02	1.88E+05	1.89E+05	3	1.88E+05
trans 1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	10061-02-6	NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
trans-2-Butenal	123-73-9	3.54E-03	၁	3.30E-03	O	3.54E-03				0.00E+00
trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	NA		۷N		NA				0.00E+00
trans-2-Hexene	4050-45-7	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	1.12E+00	၁	1.04E+00	0	1.12E+00				0.00E+00
Trichloromonofluoromethane	75-69-4	7.30E+02	uc	7.30E+02	nc	7.30E+02				0.00E+00
Vinylidenechloride	75-35-4	3.84E-02	၁	3.58E-02	C	3.84E-02				0.00E+00
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	1.10E+00	uc	1.10E+00	nc	1.10E+00				0.00E+00
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	2.08E+02	nc	2.08E+02	nc	2.08E+02				0.00E+00
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	2.09E+02	nc	3.29E+01	nc	2.09E+02				0.00E+00
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	3.3E+00	nc	3.29E+00	nc	3.29E+00				0.00E+00
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	0-99-62-0	3.65E-01	nc	3.65E-01	nc	3.65E-01				0.00E+00
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	3.1E-01	ပ	2.85E-01	ပ	3.06E-01				0.00E+00
1,4-Naphthoquinone	130-15-4	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
1-Naphthylamine	134-32-7	AN		NA		AN				0.00E+00
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	1.10E+02	nc	1.10E+02	nc	1.10E+02				0.00E+00
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	3.65E+02	nc .	3.65E+02	nc	3.65E+02				0.00E+00
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	6.20E-01	U	6.26E-01	ဝ	6.20E-01				0.00E+00

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Appendix C: Health-based Screening Levels and Acute Toxicity Values

			For the	For the Chronic Evaluation (HBSL	luation (Ht	3SL)		For the Act	For the Acute Evaluation (ATV)	n (ATV)
		o aciaca	Toursiles	0 2012	T	Uncert the property				
		Region 5	Endpoint	RBC	Endpoint	Screening Level	ERPG	TEEL	Source	Acute Toxicity Value
Compound	CAS#	(µg/m³)	(c or nc)	(hg/m³)	(c or nc)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(mg/m ₃)	(T or E)	(mg/m ₃)
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	1.10E+01	nc	1.10E+01	ou	1.10E+01				0.00E+00
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	7.30E+01	ou	7.30E+01	nc	7.30E+01				0.00E+00
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	7.30E+00	nc	7.30E+00	nc	7.30E+00				0.00E+00
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	7.30E+00	ou	7.30E+00	nc	7.30E+00				0.00E+00
2,6-Dichlorophenol	87-65-0	NA		ΑN		AN				0.00E+00
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	3.7E+00	nc	3.65E+00	nc	3.65E+00				0.00E+00
2-Acetylaminofluorene	53-96-3	ΝΑ		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2-Chtoronaphthalene	91-58-7	2.92E+02	nc	2.92E+02	Su	2.92E+02				0.00E+00
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	1.83E+01	nc	1.83E+01	၁ပ	1.83E+01				0.00E+00
2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	AN		7.30E+01	пС	7.30E+01		2.00E+04	L	2.00E+04
2-Methylphenoi	95-48-7	1.83E+02	uc	1.83E+02	၁ပ	1.83E+02				0.00E+00
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	NA		NA		ΑN				0.00E+00
2-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	2.09E-01	nc	2.08E-01	uc	2.09E-01				0.00E+00
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
2-Picoline	109-06-8	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1	1.49E-02	υ	1.39E-02	ပ	1.49E-02				0.00E+00
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	119-93-7	7.31E-04	၁	6.81E-04	ပ	7.31E-04				0.00E+00
3-Methylcholanthrene	56-49-5	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
3-Nitroaniline	99-09-2	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	534-52-1	ΑĀ		3.65E-01	nc	3.65E-01				0.00E+00
4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
4-Bromophenylphenyl ether	101-55-3			NA		NA				0.00E+00
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	35421-08-8			NA		NA				0.00E+00
4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether	7005-72-3	NA		NA		AN				0.00E+00
4-Methylphenol/3-Methylphenol	106-44-5	1.83E+01	ou	1.83E+01	uc	1.83E+01				0.00E+00
4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	∠ NA ∠		NA		NA				0.00E+00
4-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	2.9E+01	nc	2.92E+01	nc	2.92E+01				0.00E+00
4-Nitroquinoline-1-oxide	56-57-5	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	99-52-5	NA		NA		AN				0.00E+00
7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	57-97-6	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	2.19E+02	nc	2.19E+02	nc	2.19E+02				0.00E+00
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	NA		NA		NA		2.00E+02	1	2.00E+02
Acetophenone	98-86-2	2.08E-02	nc	2.08E-02	nc	2.08E-02		3.00E+04	T	3.00E+04
Aniline	62-53-3	1.04E+00	nc	1.06E+00	nc	1.04E+00		2.29E+04	T	2.29E+04
Anthracene	120-12-7	1.10E+03	nc	1.10E+03	nc	1.10E+03				0.00E+00
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	2.17E-02	O	8.58E-03	၁	2.17E-02				0.00E+00
Don't (a) Eno O	50-32-8	2 17E_03	c	2 02E_03		2 17E_03				00.700

Appendix C: Health-based Screening Levels and Acute Toxicity Values

CAS# (µg/m³) round Region 9 PRG Endpoint Region 9 CAS# (µg/m³) (cornc) (µg/m³) 92-87-5 2.92E-05 c 2.72E-05 205-99-2 2.17E-02 c 2.72E-05 207-08-9 2.17E-01 c 8.58E-03 191-24-2 NA NA NA 100-51-6 1.46E+04 nc 1.46E+04 100-51-6 1.10E+03 nc 1.46E+01 100-51-6 1.10E+03 nc 1.79E-01 111-31-1 NA NA NA 111-44-4 5.82E-03 c 5.95E-03 111-81-7 4.80E-01 c 1.79E-01 86-74-8 3.36E-01 c 1.79E-01 86-74-8 1.32E-02 c 2.32E-02 117-81-7 4.80E-01 c 2.32E-02 218-68-7 2.70E+02 c 2.32E-02 218-68-7 2.70E-03 c 2.32E-02				Con the	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	111/ 11-11	1100		Franklin A.		- /A T//
CAS # (µg/m³) Cor no) (µg/m³) 92-87-5 2.92E-05 c 2.72E-05 205-99-2 2.77E-02 c 8.58E-03 191-24-2 NA NA NA 207-08-9 2.17E-01 c 8.58E-02 65-85-0 1.46E+04 nc 1.10E+03 100-51-6 1.10E+03 nc 1.10E+03 111-31-1 NA NA NA 111-31-1 NA NA NA 111-31-1 1.06E-01 c 3.3E-01 111-31-1 1.0E-01 c 1.76E-01 111-31-1 1.0E-01 c 3.3E-01 111-31-1 1.0E-01 c 3.3E-01 111-31-1 1.0E-01 c 3.3E-01 111-48-1 1.0E-01 c 3.3E-01 113-64-1 1.0E-01 c 3.3E-01 113-64-1 1.0E-01 c 3.3E-01 113-64-1 1.0E-01 c 3.3E-01				alli in	HOINC EVA	nation (n	OPL)		LOL IIIE AC	rof the Acute Evaluation (ATV	II (AIV)
CAS# (µg/m³) (cor nc) (µg/m³) 92-87-5 2.92E-05 c 2.72E-05 205-99-2 2.17E-02 c 2.72E-05 205-99-2 2.17E-01 c 8.58E-03 191-24-2 NA NA NA 207-08-9 2.17E-01 c 8.58E-02 65-85-0 1.46E+04 nc 1.10E+03 100-51-6 1.10E+03 nc 1.10E+03 111-91-1 NA NA NA 111-91-1 NA NA			Region 9	Toxicity	Region 9	Toxicity Endpoint	Health-based Screening Level	ERPG	TEEL	Source	Acute Toxicity Value
92-87-5 2.92E-05 c 2.72E-05 205-99-2 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 191-24-2 NA NA 207-08-9 2.17E-01 c 8.58E-02 65-85-0 1.46E+04 nc 1.10E+03 100-51-6 1.10E+03 nc 1.10E+03 101-131-1 NA NA NA 111-444 5.82E-03 c 5.69E-03 117-81-7 4.80E-01 c 1.73E-01 117-81-7 4.80E-01 c 1.73E-01 86-78-8 3.36E-02 c 2.32E-02 86-78-9 1.75E+00 c 8.58E-01 87-70-3 2.17E+00 c 8.58E-01 87-68-9 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 132-64-9 1.46E+02 nc 2.92E+03 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 2.92E+03 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 2.92E+03 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 2.92E+03 <th>Compound</th> <th>CAS#</th> <th>(hg/m³)</th> <th>(c or nc)</th> <th>(hg/m₃)</th> <th>(c or nc)</th> <th>(hg/m³)</th> <th>(µg/m₃)</th> <th>(µg/m³)</th> <th>(T or E)</th> <th>(µg/m³)</th>	Compound	CAS#	(hg/m³)	(c or nc)	(hg/m ₃)	(c or nc)	(hg/m³)	(µg/m ₃)	(µg/m³)	(T or E)	(µg/m³)
205-99-2 2.17E-02	Benzidine	92-87-5	2.92E-05	O	2.72E-05	ပ	2.92E-05				0.00E+00
191-24-2 NA NA NA NA NA NA SUZ-07-08-9 2.17E-01 C 8.58E-02 C 65-85-0 1.46E+04 nc 1.46E+04 100-51-6 1.10E+03 nc 1.10E+03 nc 111-91-1 NA NA 111-91-1 NA NA 111-44-4 5.82E-03 c 5.69E-03 108-60-1 1.92E-01 c 1.79E-01 C 1.79E-0	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	2.17E-02	υ	8.58E-03	U	2.17E-02				0.00E+00
207-08-9 2.17E-01 c 8.58E-02 65-85-0 1.46E+04 nc 1.46E+04 100-51-6 1.10E+03 nc 1.10E+03 111-91-1 NA NA NA 117-81-7 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 86-74-8 3.36E-02 c 2.32E-02 218-01-9 2.17E-03 c 8.58E-01 218-01-9 1.10E-01 c 3.3E-02 218-01-9 1.10E-01 c 3.5E-02 218-01-9 1.10E-03 c 2.3E-02 218-01-9 1.10E-01 c 2.3E-02 84-66-2 2.	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
65-85-0 1.46E+04 nc 1.46E+04 100-51-6 1.10E+03 nc 110-51-6 1.10E+03 nc 110-603 111-91-1 NA NA 111-91-1 NA NA 111-91-1 1.98E-01	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	2.17E-01	υ	8.58E-02	ပ	2.17E-01				0.00E+00
100-51-6 1.10E+03 nc 1.10E+03	Benzoic acid	65-85-0	1.46E+04	пс	1.46E+04	าว	1.46E+04				0.00E+00
111-91-1 NA NA 111-444 5.82E-03 c 5.69E-03 111-444 5.82E-01 c 1.79E-01 108-60-1 1.92E-01 c 1.79E-01 85-68-7 7.30E+02 nc 7.30E+02 86-74-8 3.36E-01 c 3.13E-01 86-74-8 3.36E-01 c 3.13E-01 86-74-8 3.36E-02 c 2.32E-02 218-01-9 2.17E-00 c 8.58E-04 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 84-66-2 2.92E+03 nc 2.92E+03 122-09-8 3.65E+04 nc 1.46E+01 84-66-2 2.92E+03 nc 2.92E+03 122-39-4 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 122-39-4 1.36E+04 nc 1.46E+02 84-74-2 3.65E+04 nc 1.46E+02 85-50-0 NA NA NA 117-84-0 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02	Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	1.10E+03	пс	1.10E+03	n S	1.10E+03		5.53E+04	 -	5.53E+04
111-44-4 5.82E-03	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	ΑN		NA		NA				0.00E+00
108-60-1 1.92E-01	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	111-44-4	5.82E-03	o	5.69E-03	ပ	5.82E-03				0.00E+00
117-81-7 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 85-68-7 7.30E+02 nc 7.30E+02 86-74-8 3.36E-01 c 3.13E-01 510-15-6 2.49E-02 c 2.32E-02 218-01-9 2.17E+00 c 8.58E-04 2303-16-4 1.10E-01 c NA 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 84-66-2 2.92E+03 nc 2.92E+03 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 84-66-2 2.92E+03 nc 2.92E+03 112-09-8 3.65E+04 nc 2.92E+03 117-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 3.65E+04 84-74-2 3.65E+02 nc 3.65E+02 62-50-0 NA NA NA 117-84-0 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-03 188-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.47E-01 </td <td>bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether</td> <td>108-60-1</td> <td>1.92E-01</td> <td>O</td> <td>1.79E-01</td> <td>O</td> <td>1.92E-01</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.00E+00</td>	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	108-60-1	1.92E-01	O	1.79E-01	O	1.92E-01				0.00E+00
85-68-7 7.30E+02 nc 7.30E+02 86-74-8 3.36E-01 c 3.13E-01 510-15-6 2.49E-02 c 2.32E-02 218-01-9 2.17E+00 c 8.58E-01 2303-16-4 1.10E-01 c 8.58E-04 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 84-66-2 2.92E+03 nc 2.92E+03 122-09-8 3.65E+04 nc 2.92E+03 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 84-74-2 3.65E+04 nc 3.65E+04 131-11-3 3.65E+04 nc 3.65E+02 131-11-3 3.65E+02 nc 1.46E+02 117-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.47E-01 188-71-7 NA NA NA 193-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 120-58-1 NA NA <	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	4.80E-01	ပ	4.47E-01	ပ	4.80E-01				0.00E+00
86-74-8 3.36E-01 c 3.13E-01 510-15-6 2.49E-02 c 2.32E-02 218-01-9 2.17E+00 c 8.58E-01 2303-16-4 1.10E-01 c 8.58E-04 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 2.92E+03 84-66-2 2.92E+03 nc 2.92E+03 122-09-8 3.65E+04 nc 2.92E+03 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 84-66-2 2.92E+03 nc 2.92E+03 112-09-8 3.65E+04 nc 3.65E+04 84-74-2 3.65E+02 nc 1.46E+02 117-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 118-74-1 4.86E-01 c 7.30E-01 188-71-7 NA NA 120-58-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00	Butylbenzylphthalate	85-68-7	7.30E+02	nc	7.30E+02	nc	7.30E+02		5.00E+05	L	5.00E+05
510-15-6 2.49E-02 c 2.32E-02 218-01-9 2.17E+00 c 8.58E-01 c NA 53-70-3 2.17E-03 c 8.58E-04 c 1.32-64-9 1.10E-01 c NA 132-64-9 1.16E+01 nc 1.46E+01 nc 1.22-09-8 3.65E+04 nc 2.92E+03 nc 1.22-09-8 3.65E+04 nc 2.92E+03 nc 1.22-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 1.46E+02 c 8.65E+04 nc 1.73E+01 nc 1.22-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 1.46E+02 nc 1.73E+01 nc 1.46E+02 nc 1.47E-01 nc 1.46E+02 nc 1.47E-01	Carbazole	86-74-8	3.36E-01	ပ	3.13E-01	O	3.36E-01				0.00E+00
218-01-9 2.17E+00 c 8.58E-01 2303-16-4 1.10E-01 c NA 53-70-3 2.17E-03 c 8.58E-04 1.32-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 nc 1.22-09-8 3.65E+00 nc NA 1.22-09-8 3.65E+00 nc 1.22-09-8 3.65E+00 nc NA 1.17-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 1.46E+02 nc 1.22-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 1.46E+02 nc 1.22-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 1.46E+02 nc 1.20E-03 nc 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+03 nc 1.20-39-5 2.17E-02 nc 1.30E-03 nc 1.30E-0	Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6	2.49E-02	O	2.32E-02	၁	2.49E-02				0.00E+00
2303-16-4 1.10E-01 c NA 53-70-3 2.17E-03 c 8.58E-04 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 84-66-2 2.92E+03 nc 2.92E+03 122-09-8 3.65E+00 nc 2.92E+04 131-11-3 3.65E+04 nc 3.65E+04 84-74-2 3.65E+04 nc 3.65E+04 117-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 7.30E+01 62-50-0 NA NA NA 122-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 7.30E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 87-68-3 8.6E-02 nc 7.30E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 n 4.47E-01 1888-71-7 NA NA NA 120-58-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 91-80-5 NA NA	Chrysene	218-01-9	2.17E+00	၁	8.58E-01	၁	2.17E+00				0.00E+00
53-70-3 2.17E-03 c 8.58E-04 132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 84-66-2 2.92E+03 nc 2.92E+03 122-09-8 3.65E+00 nc 3.65E+04 131-11-3 3.65E+04 nc 3.65E+04 84-74-2 3.65E+04 nc 3.65E+04 117-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 7.30E+01 62-50-0 NA NA NA 122-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 7.30E+01 62-50-0 NA NA NA 118-74-1 4.16E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 7.30E-02 87-68-3 8.6E-02 nc 7.30E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 1888-71-7 NA NA NA 120-58-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 91-80-5 NA NA	Diallate	2303-16-4	1.10E-01	o o	AN		1.10E-01				0.00E+00
132-64-9 1.46E+01 nc 1.46E+01 84-66-2 2.92E+03 nc 2.92E+03 122-09-8 3.65E+00 nc 3.65E+04 131-11-3 3.65E+04 nc 3.65E+02 84-74-2 3.65E+02 nc 3.65E+02 117-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 3.65E+02 62-50-0 NA NA NA 206-44-0 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 188-71-7 NA NA NA 120-58-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA NA 91-80-5 3.74E-04 c NA	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	2.17E-03	၁	8.58E-04	ပ	2.17E-03				0.00E+00
84-66-2 2.92E+03 nc 2.92E+03 122-09-8 3.65E+00 nc 3.65E+04 131-11-3 3.65E+04 nc 3.65E+04 84-74-2 3.65E+02 nc 3.65E+02 117-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 3.65E+02 122-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 9.13E+01 62-50-0 NA NA NA 206-44-0 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 188-71-7 NA NA NA 120-58-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA NA 91-35-0-0 3.74E-04 c NA	Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	1.46E+01	nc	1.46E+01	nc	1.46E+01				0.00E+00
122-09-8 3.65E+00 nc NA 131-11-3 3.65E+04 nc 3.65E+04 84-74-2 3.65E+02 nc 3.65E+02 117-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 7.30E+01 122-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 9.13E+01 62-50-0 NA NA NA 206-44-0 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 118-74-1 4.18E-03 c 3.91E-03 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 130-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 120-58-1 NA NA NA 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 91-80-5 NA	Diethylphthalate	84-66-2	2.92E+03	nc	2.92E+03	nc	2.92E+03		1.50E+04	1	1.50E+04
131-11-3 3.65E+04 nc 3.65E+04 84-74-2 3.65E+02 nc 3.65E+02 117-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 7.30E+01 122-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 9.13E+01 62-50-0 NA NA 206-44-0 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 c 3.91E-03 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 1888-71-7 NA NA NA 120-58-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA NA 91-80-5 NA NA NA	Dimethylphenethylamine	122-09-8	3.65E+00	nc Dr	N A		3.65E+00				0.00E+00
84-74-2 3.65E+02 nc 3.65E+02 117-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 7.30E+01 122-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 9.13E+01 62-50-0 NA NA NA 206-44-0 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 c 3.91E-03 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 1888-71-7 NA NA NA 193-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 78-59-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA 91-80-5 NA NA	Dimethylphthalate	131-11-3	3.65E+04	nc	3.65E+04	nc	3.65E+04				0.00E+00
117-84-0 7.30E+01 nc 7.30E+01 122-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 9.13E+01 62-50-0 NA NA 206-44-0 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 118-74-1 4.18E-03 c 3.91E-03 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 1888-71-7 NA NA NA 120-58-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 91-80-5 NA NA	Di-n-butylphthalate	84-74-2	3.65E+02	nc	3.65E+02	nc	3.65E+02		1.50E+04	1	1.50E+04
122-39-4 9.13E+01 nc 9.13E+01 62-50-0 NA NA 206-44-0 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 c 1.46E+02 118-74-1 4.18E-03 c 3.91E-03 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 77-47-4 7.30E-02 nc 7.30E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 1888-71-7 NA NA NA 120-58-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 91-80-5 NA NA	Di-n-octylphthalate	117-84-0	7.30E+01	nc	7.30E+01	nc	7.30E+01		1.50E+05	T	1.50E+05
62-50-0 NA NA NA 206-44-0 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 118-74-1 4.18E-03 c 3.91E-03 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 77-47-4 7.30E-02 nc 7.30E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 193-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 78-59-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 143-60-0 3.74E-04 c NA 143-60-0 NA NA NA	Diphenylamine/N-NitrosoDPA	122-39-4	9.13E+01	nc	9.13E+01	nc	9.13E+01				0.00E+00
206-44-0 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 118-74-1 4.18E-03 c 3.91E-03 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 77-47-4 7.30E-02 nc 7.30E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 193-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 78-59-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 91-80-5 NA	Ethyl methanesulfonate	62-50-0	NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
86-73-7 1.46E+02 nc 1.46E+02 118-74-1 4.18E-03 c 3.91E-03 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 77-47-4 7.30E-02 nc 7.30E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 193-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 78-59-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA 91-80-5 NA NA 91-80-5 NA NA	Fluoranthene	206-44-0	1.46E+02	nc	1.46E+02	nc	1.46E+02				0.00E+00
118-74-1 4.18E-03 c 3.91E-03 87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 77-47-4 7.30E-02 nc 7.30E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 193-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 78-59-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 91-80-5 NA NA	Fluorene	86-73-7	1.46E+02	nc	1.46E+02	nc	1.46E+02		7.50E+04	1	7.50E+04
87-68-3 8.6E-02 c 8.03E-02 77-47-4 7.30E-02 nc 7.30E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 1888-71-7 NA NA 193-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 78-59-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA 91-80-5 3.74E-04 c NA 91-80-5 NA NA	Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	4.18E-03	၁	3.91E-03	၁	4.18E-03				0.00E+00
77-47-4 7.30E-02 nc 7.30E-02 67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 1888-71-7 NA NA 193-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 78-59-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	8.6E-02	S	8.03E-02	C	8.62E-02				0.00E+00
67-72-1 4.80E-01 c 4.47E-01 1888-71-7 NA NA NA 193-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 78-59-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 91-80-5 NA NA	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	7.30E-02	nc	7.30E-02	nc	7.30E-02				0.00E+00
1888-71-7 NA NA 193-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03 78-59-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 91-80-5 NA NA NA	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	4.80E-01	၁	4.47E-01	ပ	4.80E-01				0.00E+00
193-39-5 2.17E-02 c 8.58E-03	Hexachloropropene	1888-71-7	NA		NA		AN				0.00E+00
78-59-1 7.08E+00 c 6.59E+00 120-58-1 NA NA 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c NA 91-80-5 NA NA	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	2.17E-02	ပ	8.58E-03	၁	2.17E-02				0.00E+00
120-58-1 NA 143-50-0 3.74E-04 c 91-80-5 NA	Isophorone	78-59-1	7.08E+00	၁	6.59E+00	၁	7.08E+00				0.00E+00
143-50-0 3.74E-04 c 91-80-5 NA	Isosafrole	120-58-1	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
91-80-5 NA	Kepone	143-50-0	3.74E-04	υ	NA		3.74E-04				0.00E+00
NIA 0 7 7 3	Methapyrilene	91-80-5	ΑΝ		ΥN		NA				0.00E+00
PN 6-17-00	Methyl methanesulfonate	66-27-3	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00

5/17/00

Appendix C: Health-based Screening Levels and Acute Toxicity Values

			For the	For the Chronic Evaluation (HBSL	luation (HE	3SL)		For the Act	For the Acute Evaluation (ATV)	n (ATV)
		Region 9	Toxicity	Region 9	Toxicity	Health-based				Acute Toxicity
		PRG	Endpoint	RBC	Endpoint	Screening Level	ERPG	TEEL	Source	Value
Compound	CAS#	(µg/m³)	(c or nc)	(µg/m³)	(c or nc)	(hg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(hg/m³)	(T or E)	(m/gr/)
Naphthalene	91-20-3	3.13E+00	ဥ	3.29E+00	n S	3.13E+00		7.86E+04	L	7.86E+04
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	2.09E+00	S	2.19E+00	၁ပ	2.09E+00				0.00E+00
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	55-18-5	4.47E-05	O	4.17E-05	O	4.47E-05				0.00E+00
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	55-18-5	4.47E-05	O	4.17E-05	O	4.47E-05				0.00E+00
N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	924-16-3	1.2E-03	υ	1.12E-03	ပ	1.20E-03				0.00E+00
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	621-64-7	9.61E-04	O	8.94E-04	O	9.61E-04				0.00E+00
N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	10595-95-6	3.06E-04	U	2.85E-04	O	3.06E-04				0.00E+00
N-Nitrosomorpholine	59-89-2	AN		ΑN		NA				0.00E+00
N-Nitrosopiperidine	100-75-4	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	930-55-2	3.15E-03	O	ΑN		3.15E-03				0.00E+00
o-Toluidine	95-53-4	2.80E-02	O	NA		2.80E-02				0.00E+00
p-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	1.46E+01	nc	1.46E+01	рu	1.46E+01				0.00E+00
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	60-11-7	AN		AN		NA				0.00E+00
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	2.92E+00	nc	2.92E+00	DU	2.92E+00				0.00E+00
Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	ΑN		ΑN		AN				0.00E+00
Pentachloronitrobenzene	82-68-8	2.59E-02	υ	2.41E-02	O	2.59E-02				0.00E+00
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	5.60E-02	0	5.22E-02	S	5.60E-02				0.00E+00
Phenacetin	62-44-2	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	ΝΑ		ΑN	į	NA		2.00E+03	Ŧ	2.00E+03
Phenol	108-95-2	2.19E+03	ПС	2.19E+03	nc	2.19E+03				0.00E+00
Pronamide	23950-58-5	2.74E+02	nc	NA		2.74E+02				0.00E+00
Pyrene	129-00-1	NA		NA		NA				0.00E+00
Pyridine	110-86-1	3.65E+00	ou	3.65E+00	nc	3.65E+00				0.00E+00
Safrole	94-59-7	NA		AN		NA				0.00E+00
sym-Trinitrobenzene	99-35-4	1.10E+02	วน	1.10E+02	nc	1.10E+02				0.00E+00
-ootnotes:										

PRG: Preliminary Remediation Goals

c: Cancer

nc:non-cancer

RBC: Risk-Based Concentration

HBSL: Health-based Screening Level

(E) ERPG: Emergency Response Planning Guidelines

(T) TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits

ATV: Acute Toxicity Value

NA: Not applicable

APPENDIX D RISK EVALUATION DATA

Table D-1: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Metals, Particulates and Miscellaneous Compounds

			Simulato	r Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	117		
Compound	C _{chronic} (µg/m³)	Health-Based Screening Level (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} / HBSL	> 1?	С _{асиtе} (µg/m³)	Acute Toxicity Value (µg/m³)	C _{acute} / ATV	> 15
TSP	5.35E-02	5.00E+01	1.07E-03	no	NA	N/S		na
PM ₁₀	5.70E-02	5.00E+01	1.14E-03	no	AN	N/		na
HCI (a)	NA	2.08E+01		na	NA	7.14E+03		na
Cl ₂ (a)	6.88E-05	2.09E-01	3.30E-04	ou	1.21E-01	2.89E+03	4.17E-05	no
Dioxin TEQ (b)	2.81E-13	4.48E-08	6.28E-06	no	4.60E-09	3.50E+00	1.31E-09	OU
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	1.01E-03	1.57E+02	6.46E-06	no	1.78E+00	2.30E+05	7.73E-06	OU
Nitrogen Oxide (NOx)	8.37E-04	1.00E+02	8.37E-06	no	5.87E+00	2.70E+05	2.17E-05	OU
HCI (a)	NA	2.08E+01		na	AN	7.14E+03		na
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	NA	NV		na	NA	5.40E+07		na
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	7.43E-03	8.00E+01	9.29E-05	no	1.30E+01	7.89E+02	1.65E-02	no
Aluminum	1.54E-04	3.65E+00	4.23E-05	no	1.08E+00	3.00E+04	3.60E-05	OU
Antimony	1.47E-02	1.46E+00	1.01E-02	no	1.03E+02	1.50E+03	6.86E-02	no
Arsenic	1.26E-11	4.47E-04	2.81E-08	no	2.05E-01	3.00E+01	6.84E-03	no
Barium	2.47E-06	5.21E-01	4.74E-06	no	1.73E-02	1.50E+03	1.15E-05	no
Beryllium	NA NA	8.00E-04		na	NA	5.00E+00		na
Cadmium	4.93E-08	1.07E-03	4.62E-05	no	8.06E-04	3.00E+01	2.69E-05	no
Chromium	1.06E-06	1.53E-04	6.97E-03	no	1.74E-02	1.50E+03	1.16E-05	no
Cobalt	1.51E-07	2.20E+02	6.87E-10	no	1.06E-03	6.00E+01	1.76E-05	no
Copper	2.56E-05	1.46E+02	1.75E-07	no	1.80E-01	3.00E+03	5.98E-05	no
Lead	3.81E-05	1.50E+00	2.54E-05	no	2.67E-01	1.50E+02	1.78E-03	no
Magnesium	3.20E-03	Š		na	2.24E+01	3.00E+04	7.47E-04	no
Manganese	6.95E-06	5.11E-02	1.36E-04	no	4.87E-02	3.00E+03	1.62E-05	ou
Nickel	4.31E-07	7.30E+01	5.91E-09	no	3.02E-03	3.00E+03	1.01E-06	no
Phosphorus	3.98E-04	N		na	2.79E+00	3.00E+02	9.29E-03	no
Selenium	3.16E-13	1.83E+01	1.73E-14	no	2.21E-03	6.00E+02	3.69E-06	no
Silver	6.22E-13	1.83E+01	3.41E-14	ou	AN	N		na
Thallium	NA A	2.56E-01		na	NA	NV.		na
Zinc	1.65E-05	1.10E+03	1.51E-08	no	1.16E-01	3.00E+04	3.86E-06	no
Mercury	NA	3.13E-01		na	NA	1.00E+02		na
Footpote:								

Footnote:

(a) HCI/Cl₂ levels were too low to be reliably measured.

(b) Presence questionable - reported at similar levels in samples and blanks.

NA = Not applicable because compound was not detected.

na = Not available because health-based screening value is not available or not applicable if compound was not detected.

NV = No value

 $C_{chronic} = Chronic time-averaged concentration; HBSL = Chronic health-based screening level <math>C_{acute} = Acute$ concentration; ATV = Acute toxicity value

Table D-2: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Volatile Organic Compounds

			Simulator	Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	117		
Compound (a)	С _{сhronic} (µg/m³)	Health-Based Screening Level (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} / HBSL	> 1?	С _{асиtе} (µg/m³)	Acute Toxicity Value (µg/m³)	C _{acute} / ATV	> 1?
TNMHC	7.10E-05	N		na	NA	<u>></u> N		na
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	NA	3.31E-02		na	NA	N/		na
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	8.56E-09	3.13E+04	2.74E-13	no	6.00E-05	9.58E+06	6.26E-12	OU.
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	NA	1.20E-01		na	NA	2		na
1,1-Dichloroethane	NA	5.21E+02		na	NA	N<		na
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	NA	2.08E+02		na	NA	3.71E+04		na
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5.17E-07	6.21E+00	8.34E-08	no	3.62E-03	1.80E+05	2.01E-08	no
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene & sec-Butylbenzene	3.18E-07	3.65E+01	8.71E-09	no	NA	\N		na
1,2-Dibromoethane	NA	8.73E-03		na	NA	N/		na
1,2-Dichloroethane	NA	7.39E-02		na	NA	N		na
1,2-Dichloroethene	NA	3.29E+01		na	NA	2.38E+06		na
1,2-Dichloropropane	NA	· 9.89E-02		na	NA	N/		na
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	NA	6.21E+00		na	NA	3.68E+05		na
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	NA	6.21E+00		na	NA	3.68E+05		na
1,3-Butadiene	4.77E-07	3.74E-03	1.28E-04	no	1.95E-03	2.20E+04	8.86E-08	no
1,3-Butadiene	4.85E-07	3.74E-03	1.30E-04	no	1.98E-03	2.20E+04	9.01E-08	no
1,4-Dioxane	NA	6.11E-01		na	NA	N\		na
1-Butanol	NA	3.65E+02		na	NA	NN		na
1-Butene	NA	N		na	NA	N/		na
1-Hexene	NA	>N		na	NA	1.03E+05		na
1-Hydroxy-2-propanone	NA	>N		na	NA	ΛN		na
1-Methylnaphthalene	NA	> <u>N</u>		na	NA	/N		na
1-Pentene	NA	N<		na	NA	>N		na
1-Propanol	NA	> <u>N</u>		na	NA	N N		na
2,2,4-Trimethylhexane	4.77E-07	N		na	NA	N		na
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	6.28E-06	2		na	4.40E-02	3.50E+05	1.26E-07	no
2,2-Dimethylbutane	NA VA	2		na	NA	1.80E+06		na
2,2-Dimethylheptane	NA	2	,	na	NA	NV		na
2,2-Dimethylpropane	NA	>N		na	NA	\N		na
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	1.27E-06	>		na	NA	N		na
2,3-Butanedione	NA	N		na	NA	>N		na
2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-1H-indene	NA	N N		na	NA	\ N		na
2,3-Dihydro-4-methyl-1H-indene	NA	2		na	NA	N		na
2,3-Dimethylbutane	7.95E-07	N		na	NA	N N		na

Table D-2: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Volatile Organic Compounds

			Simulator	Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	117		
Compound (a)	C _{chronic} (µg/m³)	Health-Based Screening Level (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} / HBSL	> 1?	С _{асиtе} (µg/m³)	Acute Toxicity Value (µg/m³)	C _{acute} / ATV	> 1?
2,3-Dimethylhexane	6.36E-07	N N		na	AN	>N		na
2,3-Dimethylpentane	3.34E-06	NN		na	NA	N N		na
2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene	NA	N		na	NA	N/		na
2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene	NA	NV		na	NA	N/		na
2,4-Dimethylhexane	7.15E-07	NN		na	NA	ΛN		na
2,4-Dimethylpentane	1.83E-06	NV.		na	NA	ΛN		na
2,5-Dimethylhexane	4.77E-07	NV		na	NA	ΛN		na
2-Butanone	1.11E-06	1.04E+03	1.06E-09	no	7.78E-03	8.85E+05	8.79E-09	01
2-Butoxyethanol	NA	2.09E+01		na	NA	ΛN		na
2-Ethyl-1-hexanol	NA	NV		na	NA	ΛN		na
2-Furaldehyde	1.43E-06	5.21E+01	2.74E-08	no	2.50E-03	8.00E+03	3.12E-07	no
2-Methyl-1,3-dioxolane	NA	N<		na	NA	ΛN		na
2-Methyl-1-butene	NA	N		na	NA	ΛN		na
2-Methyl-1-pentene	NA	N		na	NA	ΛN		na
2-Methyl-2-butene	NA	N<		na	NA	NN		na
2-Methyl-2-pentene	NA	<u>N</u>		na	NA	N		na
2-Methylfuran	NA	N		na	NA	N		na
2-Methylheptane	3.97E-07	N		na	NA	NN.		na
2-Methylhexane	4.77E-07	N		na	NA	N/		na
2-Methylnaphthalene	NA	7.30E+01		na	NA	2.00E+04		na
2-Methylpentane	1.35E-06	N/		na	9.47E-03	1.80E+06	5.27E-09	no
2-Methylpropanal	NA	N		na	NA	N		na
2-Methylpropanenitrile	NA	N		na	NA	N		na
2-Nitrophenol	NA	N		na	NA	N		na
2-Pentanone	9.77E-08	N		na	6.85E-04	8.80E+05	7.78E-10	no
2-Propanol	NA	N		na	NA	N		na
3-Ethylhexane	NA	N		na	NA	ΛN		na
3-Methyl-1-butene	NA	>N		na	NA	NN.		na
3-Methylhexane	2.38E-07	N		na	NA	ΛN		na
3-Methylpentane	1.19E-06	N<		na	NA	ΛN		na
4-Methyl-1-pentene	NA	N		na	NA	N		na
6-Methyl-5-hepten-2-one	NA	≥N		na	NA	NV		na
Acetic Acid	3.21E-06	N		na	2.25E-02	3.68E+04	6.11E-07	no
Acetone	2.06E-06	3.65E+02	5.65E-09	2	1.45E-02	2.37E+06	6.10E-09	no

Table D-2: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Volatile Organic Compounds

Compound (a) Convenie (µg/m²) Screening Screening Screening Screening Convenie (µg/m²) Health-Based Aceylere Convenie (µg/m²) Acetylere				Simulator	Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	117		
5.47E-07 6.21E+01 8.81E-09 no 3.83E-03 1.01E+05 1.96E-07 2.08E-02 2.88E-05 no 4.14E-03 3.00E+04 1.96E-07 2.08E-02 2.88E-05 no 4.14E-03 3.00E+04 1.96E-07 2.08E-02 7.20E-06 no 8.31E-04 2.00E+02 2.08E-07 2.08E-02 7.20E-06 no 8.31E-04 2.0E+04 NA NA NA NA NV NA NA NA NA NA	Compound (a)	C _{chronic} (µg/m³)	Health-Based Screening Level (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} / HBSL	> 1?	С _{асиtе} (µg/m³)	Acute Toxicity Value (µg/m³)	C _{acute} / ATV	> 12
5.91E-07 2.08E-02 2.83E-05 no 4.14E-03 3.00E+04 1.49E-05 NV 1.48E-05 NV NA NV 1.29E-05 2.09E-02 1.43E-04 no 5.22E-03 2.30E+04 2.03E-07 2.83E-02 7.20E-06 no 8.31E-04 2.20E+04 NA NA NA NV NA NV 1.79E-06 2.49E-01 1.11E-05 no 1.15E-02 1.50E+04 2.76E-06 2.49E-01 1.11E-05 no 1.15E-02 1.50E+04 2.76E-06 2.49E-01 1.11E-05 no 1.15E-02 1.50E+04 2.76E-06 2.49E-01 1.13E-05 no 1.15E-02 1.50E+04 NA NA NV na NA NV NA NA NA NV NA NV NA NA NA NA NA NA 1.02E-07 1.28E-07 1.63E-07 na 1.61E-03 9.84E+03<	Acetonitrile	5.47E-07	6.21E+01	8.81E-09	ou	3.83E-03	1.01E+05	3.80E-08	on O
148E-05 NV	Acetophenone	5.91E-07	2.08E-02	2.83E-05	no	4.14E-03	3.00E+04	1.38E-07	ou
2.98E-06 2.09E-02 1,44E-04 no 5.22E-03 2.30E+02 NA 1.04E+00 no 8.31E-04 2.00E+04 NA 1.04E+00 no 8.31E-04 2.00E+04 NA 1.04E+00 no 1.25E-02 1.50E+04 1.79E-06 2.49E-01 1.11E-05 no 1.56E+05 1.50E+04 2.76E-06 2.49E-01 1.11E-05 no 1.56E+05 1.50E+04 NA NA NV NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	Acetylene	1.49E-05	\N		na	NA	N/		na
2.03E-07 2.83E-02 7.20E-06 no 8.31E-04 2.20E+04 NA NA NA NA NV NA NA NA NV 1.79E-06 3.65E+02 4.90E-09 no 1.25E-02 1.50E+04 2.76E-06 2.49E-01 1.11E-05 no 1.15E-02 1.50E+04 2.76E-06 2.49E-01 1.11E-05 no 1.15E-02 1.50E+04 NA NV NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 1.14E-05 NA NA NA NA NA NA	Acrolein	2.98E-06	2.09E-02	1.43E-04	no	5.22E-03	2.30E+02	2.27E-05	ou
NA 1.04E+00 na NA NV NA NA na NA NV NA 1.79E-02 3.65E+02 4.90E-09 na 1.25E-02 1.50E+05 2.76E-06 2.49E-01 1.11E-05 no 1.13E-02 1.56E+05 2.81E-06 2.49E-01 1.13E-05 no 1.15E-02 1.56E+05 NA NV na NA NV NV NV NA NV na NA NV NV NV NA NV na NA NV NV NV 1.14E-07 NV na NA NV NV NV NA NV na 1.61E-02 1.50E+05 1.50	Acrylonitrile	2.03E-07	2.83E-02	7.20E-06	no	8.31E-04	2.20E+04	3.78E-08	01
NA	Allylchloride	AN	1.04E+00		na	NA	ΛN		na
1,79E-06 3.65E+02 4.90E-09 no 1.25E-02 1.50E+04 2,76E-06 2,49E-01 1.11E-05 no 1.15E-02 1.50E+04 NA 2,49E-01 1.11E-05 no 1.15E-02 1.56E+05 NA NA NV na NA NV NA NA NV na NA NV 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	alpha-Pinene	NA	ΛN		na	AN	N N		na
2.76E-06 2.49E-01 1.11E-05 no 1.13E-02 1.56E+05 2.81E-06 2.49E-01 1.13E-05 no 1.15E-02 1.56E+05 3.66E-07 NA NV na NA NV NA NA NV na NA NV 1.14E-07 NA NV NA NV 5.32E-05 7.30E+02 7.28E-08 no 9.32E-02 3.0E+03 9.77E-08 1.28E-01 7.28E-08 no 9.32E-02 3.0E+03 NA NA 1.02E-07 2.24E-02 4.53E-06 no NA NV NA NA NA NA NA NA NV NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	Benzaldehyde	1.79E-06	3.65E+02	4.90E-09	ou	1.25E-02	1.50E+04	8.35E-07	ou
2.81E-06 2.49E-01 1.13E-05 no 1.15E-02 1.56E+05 NA NA NV na NA NV NA NA 3.96E-07 na NA NV NA NA NV na NA NV 1.14E-07 NV na NA NV 5.32E-05 7.30E+02 7.28E-08 no 9.32E-02 3.10E+03 9.77E-08 1.28E-01 7.63E-07 na NA NV NA NA 6.21E+01 na NA NV NA NA 6.24E-02 4.53E-06 no 3.99E-04 1.28E+05 NA NA NA NA NA NV NA NV NA NA 6.21E+01 7.63E-06 no 3.99E-04 1.28E+05 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	Benzene	2.76E-06	2.49E-01	1.11E-05	ou	1.13E-02	1.56E+05	7.23E-08	on Or
NA NV na NA NV 3.66E-07 NV na 2.56E-03 1.50E+04 NA 3.96E-02 na NA NV NA NV na NA NV 1.14E-07 NV na 8.00E-04 7.38E+04 5.32E-05 7.30E+02 7.28E-08 no 9.32E-02 3.10E+03 9.77E-08 1.28E-01 7.28E-07 no 9.32E-02 3.10E+03 NA NA NV na 1.61E-03 9.84E+05 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA </td <td>Benzene</td> <td>2.81E-06</td> <td>2.49E-01</td> <td>1.13E-05</td> <td>OU</td> <td>1.15E-02</td> <td>1.56E+05</td> <td>7.35E-08</td> <td>ou</td>	Benzene	2.81E-06	2.49E-01	1.13E-05	OU	1.15E-02	1.56E+05	7.35E-08	ou
3.66E-07 NV na 2.56E-03 1,50E+04 NA 3.96E-02 na NA NV NA NV na NA NV 1.14E-07 NV na 8.00E-04 7.38E+04 5.32E-05 7.30E+02 7.28E-08 no 9.32E-02 3.10E+03 9.77E-08 1.28E-01 7.63E-07 no 3.99E-04 1.28E+04 NA 1.02E-07 2.24E-02 7.53E-06 no NA NV NA NA NA NA NV NA NV NA NA NA NA NV NA NV NA NA NV na NA NV NA NA NA NV na NA NV NA NA NA NV na NA NV NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	Benzofuran	NA	ΛN		na	NA	N/		na
NA 3.96E-02 na NA NV NA NA NA NV 1.14E-07 NV na 8.00E-04 7.38E+04 5.32E-05 7.30E+02 7.28E-08 no 3.99E-04 7.38E+05 9.77E-08 1.28E-01 7.63E-07 no 3.99E-04 1.28E+05 NA NV na 1.61E-03 9.84E+03 NA NA na 1.61E-03 9.84E+05 NA NA na 1.61E-03 9.84E+05 NA NA na NA NV NA NA NA NV NV NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	Benzonitrile	3.66E-07	ΛN		na	2.56E-03	1.50E+04	1.71E-07	ou
NA NV na NA NV 1.14E-07 NV na 8.00E-04 7.38E+04 5.32E-05 7.30E+02 7.28E-08 no 9.32E-02 3.10E+03 9.77E-08 1.28E-01 7.63E-07 no 3.99E-04 1.28E+05 1.02E-07 1.28E-01 7.63E-07 no 3.99E-04 1.28E+05 NA NA NA na 1.61E-03 9.84E+03 NA NA na 1.61E-03 9.84E+05 NA NA na NA NV NA NA NA NV NA NV NA NA NA NV NA NV NA NA NA NA NV NA NV na NA NV <tr< td=""><td>Benzylchloride</td><td>NA</td><td>3.96E-02</td><td></td><td>na</td><td>NA</td><td>ΛN</td><td></td><td>na</td></tr<>	Benzylchloride	NA	3.96E-02		na	NA	ΛN		na
1.14E-07 NV na 8.00E-04 7.38E+04 5.32E-05 7.30E+02 7.28E-08 no 9.32E-02 3.10E+03 9.77E-08 1.28E-01 7.53E-07 no 9.32E-02 3.10E+03 2.30E-07 1.28E-01 7.53E-07 no 1.28E+05 3.0E+05 NA NA 6.21E+01 no NA NV NA 1.02E-07 2.24E-02 4.53E-06 no NA NV NA NA NV no NA NV NV NA NA NV no NA NV NA NA NA <td>beta-Pinene</td> <td>NA</td> <td>۸N</td> <td></td> <td>na</td> <td>NA</td> <td>ΛN</td> <td></td> <td>na</td>	beta-Pinene	NA	۸N		na	NA	ΛN		na
5.3E-05 7.30E+02 7.28E-08 no 9.32E-02 3.10E+03 9.77E-08 1.28E-01 7.63E-07 no 3.99E-04 1.28E+05 2.30E-07 NV na 1.61E-03 9.84E+03 NA 6.21E+01 na NA NV NA 8.35E-02 na NA NV NA NA NA NA NA	Butanal	1.14E-07	۸N		na	8.00E-04	7.38E+04	1.08E-08	ou
9.77E-08 1.28E-01 7.63E-07 no 3.99E-04 1.28E+05 2.30E-07 NV na 1.61E-03 9.84E+03 NA 6.21E+01 na NA NV NA 8.35E-02 4.53E-06 no NA NV NA NA NV na NA NV NA NA NV na NA NV NA NA NV na NA NV NA NA NA NA NV NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA <	Carbon Disulfide	5.32E-05	7.30E+02	7.28E-08	0U	9.32E-02	3.10E+03	3.01E-05	OU
2.30E-07 NV na 1.61E-03 9.84E+03 NA 6.21E+01 na nA NV NA 8.35E-02 4.53E-06 no NA NV NA NA NV na NA NV NA NV na NA NV NA NV na NA NV NA NA NV na NA NA NA NA NA NV NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA<	Carbontetrachloride	9.77E-08	1.28E-01	7.63E-07	no	3.99E-04	1.28E+05	3.12E-09	no
NA 6.21E+01 na NA 1.02E-07 2.24E-02 4.53E-06 no NA NA 8.35E-02 na NA NA NA NV na NA NA NA NA NV na NA NA NA NA NA NA	Carbonyl Sulfide	2.30E-07	N\		na	1.61E-03	9.84E+03	1.64E-07	no
1.02E-07 2.24E-02 4.53E-06 no NA NA 8.35E-02 na NA NA NV na NA NA NA na NA	Chlorobenzene	NA	6.21E+01		na	NA	N		na
NA 8.35E-02 na NA NA 5.17E-02 na NA NA NV na NA	Chloroethene	1.02E-07	2.24E-02	4.53E-06	ou	NA	ΛN		na
NA 5.17E-02 na NA NA NV na NA NA NA na NA	Chloroform	NA	8.35E-02		na	NA	2.48E+05		na
NA NV na NA NA NA na NA NA NA na NA	cis 1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	NA	5.17E-02		na	NA	N\		na
NA NV na NA NA NV na NA NA NV na NA NA NV na NA 3.55E-07 1.83E+04 1.95E-11 no NA NA NV na NA NA NA NA na NA NA	cis-2-Butene	NA	≥ N		na	NA	N		na
NA NV na NA NA NV na NA NA NV na NA 3.55E-07 1.83E+04 1.95E-11 no NA NA NV na NA NA NA NA na NA NA	cis-2-Hexene	NA	> 2		na	NA	N		na
NA NV na NA NA NV na NA NA NV na NA 3.55E-07 1.83E+04 1.95E-11 no NA NA NV na NA NA NA NA na NA NA	cis-2-Pentene	NA	2		na	NA	N		na
NA NV na NA NA NV na NA NA 1.83E+04 1.95E-11 no NA NA NV na NA NA NA NA na NA NA	cis-4-Methyl-2-pentene	NA	N.		na	NA	N		na
NA NV na	Cyanogen	NA	N\		na	NA	NV		na
3.55E-07 1.83E+04 1.95E-11 no NA NA NV na NA NA NV na NA NA NV na NA 2.25E-06 NV na NA NA na NA NA na NA	Cyclohexane	NA	N		na	NA	3.10E+06		na
NA NV na NA NA NV na NA NA NV na NA 2.25E-06 NV na NA NA na NA NA	Cyclohexanone	3.55E-07	1.83E+04	1.95E-11	no	NA	NV		na
NA NV na	Cyclopentane	NA	N		na	NA	N		na
NA N	Cyclopentanone	NA	N		na	NA	N		na
2.25E-06 NV na	Cyclopentene	NA	N		na	NA	N		na
NA NA NA NA	Decanal	2.25E-06	N		na	NA	N		na
	delta 3-Carene	NA	N		na	NA	≥.		na

Table D-2: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Volatile Organic Compounds

			Simulator	Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	117		
Compound (a)	Cehronic (µg/m³)	Health-Based Screening Level (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} / HBSL	> 1?	C _{acute} (µg/m³)	Acute Toxicity Value (µg/m³)	C _{acute} / ATV	v 4.
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.83E-06	2.09E+02	8.77E-09	no	1.28E-02	1.48E+07	8.65E-10	OU
Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	NA	≥ N		na	AN	N N		na
Dimethyldisulfide	NA	N N		na	AN	N N		na
d-Limonene	NA	N .		na	ΑN	Ž		na
ETBE	NA	N/		na	NA	>N		na
Ethane	NA	N<		na	NA	N		na
Ethylbenzene	3.18E-07	1.06E+03	3.00E-10	no	2.23E-03	5.43E+05	4.11E-09	ou
Ethylbenzene	9.76E-07	1.06E+03	9.22E-10	no	6.84E-03	5.43E+05	1.26E-08	92
Ethylchloride	NA	2.32E+00		na	NA	N		na
Ethylcyclohexane	NA	NN		na	AN	N		na
Ethylene	8.98E-06	ΛN		na	6.29E-02	4.60E+05	1.37E-07	ou
Furan	2.83E-07	3.65E+00	7.75E-08	no	1.98E-03	1.67E+02	1.19E-05	ou
Heptanal	6.79E-07	NV		na	NA	>N		na
Hexachlorobutadiene	NA	8.73E-02		na	NA	N<		na
Hexanal	5.26E-07	≥ N		na	NA	NV		na
Hexanenitrile	NA	2		na	NA	N		na
i-Butane	NA	N		na	NA	9.52E+05		na
i-Butene	NA	2		na	NA	6.87E+06		na
Indane	NA	N		na	NA	1.25E+05		na
i-Pentane	6.36E-07	N/		na	NA	≥		na
i-Propylbenzene	NA	4.02E+02		na	NA	N N		na
Isoprene	NA	N N		na	NA	NV		na
m&p-Xylene	7.21E-07	7.30E+02	9.88E-10	no	5.06E-03	6.51E+05	7.77E-09	no
m-Dichlorobenzene	NA	3.29E+00		na	NA	N		na
Methacrolein	NA	>N		na	NA	N		na
Methyl Methacrylate	NA	7.30E+02		na	NA	N		na
Methylbromide	NA	5.21E+00		na	NA	NN		na
Methylchloride	NA	1.07E+00		na	NA	NV		na
Methylchloroform	6.29E-08	1.04E+03	6.03E-11	no	1.10E-04	1.94E+06	5.67E-11	no
Methylcyclohexane	1.59E-07	3.13E+03	5.08E-11	no	1.11E-03	4.81E+06	2.31E-10	no
Methylcyclopentane	4.77E-07	N		na	NA	N		na
Methylenechloride	3.63E-06	4.09E+00	8.89E-07	00	1.49E-02	6.96E+05	2.13E-08	no
Methyinitrite	9.82E-07	N		na	NA	N/		na
m-Ethyltoluene	. NA	N/		na	-NA	≥		na

Table D-2: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Volatile Organic Compounds

Cehron 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1	(µg/m³) 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8	Health-Based Screening Level (µg/m³) NV 3.13E+03 3.13E+03 7.30E+02 3.13E+00 NV NV NV NV NV NV NV NV NV	Cehronic/ HBSL 3.56E-10 4.32E-10 1.09E-09 3.64E-07	> 1?	C _{acute} (µg/m³)	Acute Toxicity	C _{acute} / ATV	> 1?
	14A E-06 E-06 E-07 E-07 AA AA AA AB-07 E-06 E-06 E-06 E-06 E-06	NV 3.13E+03 3.13E+03 7.30E+02 3.13E+00 NV NV NV NV NV	3.56E-10 4.32E-10 1.09E-09 3.64E-07			Value (µg/m⁻)		
	E-06 EE-06 EE-07 AA AA AA AA AA ABE-07 EE-06 EE-06 EE-06 EE-06 EE-07	3.13E+03 3.13E+03 7.30E+02 3.13E+00 NV NV NV NV NV NV NV	3.56E-10 4.32E-10 1.09E-09 3.64E-07	na	AN	8.61E+01		na
	14.06 14.06 14.06 14.06 16.06 16.06 16.06 16.06 16.06 16.06 16.06	3.13E+03 7.30E+02 3.13E+00 NV NV NV NV NV NV NV	4.32E-10 1.09E-09 3.64E-07	ou	7.80E-03	4.32E+05	1.80E-08	ou
	14-06 14-06 14-06 14-06 16-06 16-06 16-06 16-07	7.30E+02 3.13E+00 NV NV NV NV 2.09E+02	1.09E-09 3.64E-07	no	9.47E-03	4.32E+05	2.19E-08	ou
	14.06.14.06.14.06.16.06.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.06.16.06.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.06.16.06.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.06.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.16.06.	3.13E+00 NV NV NV NV 2.09E+02	3.64E-07	no	5.57E-03	6.51E+05	8.55E-09	no
	1.4. 1.4. 1.6 0.7. 1.6 0.6. 1.6 0.7. 1.6 0.8. 1.6 0.8.	NV NV NV 2.09E+02		ou	7.97E-03	7.86E+04	1.01E-07	ou
	VA EE-07 EE-06 EE-06 EE-07 EE-08	NV NV 2.09E+02		na	NA	N		na
	SE-07 DE-06 DE-06 SE-07 SE-08	NV 2.09E+02		na	NA	4.37E+03		na
	5E-06 5E-06 5E-07 5E-08	2.09E+02		na	2.23E-03	1.80E+06	1.23E-09	no
	5E-06 5E-07 5E-08	7114	7.62E-09	no	1.11E-02	5.28E+05	2.11E-08	no
	5E-07 5E-08	\ \ \		na	7.65E-03	1.50E+05	5.10E-08	no
	SE-08	NN		na	5.57E-03	1.05E+06	5.31E-09	no
		NV		na	NA	· NV		na
	1E-06	NV		na	NA	N		na
	7E-07	NN		na	3.34E-03	1.80E+06	1.86E-09	0
n-Propylbenzene	NA	3.65E+01		na	NA	3.68E+05		na
Octanal 1.43E-06	3E-06	NV		na	NA	N<		na
o-Dichlorobenzene	١A	2.09E+02		na	NA	≥N		na
o-Ethyltoluene	NA N	NV		na	NA	7.50E+02		na
o-Xylene 3.18E-07	3E-07	7.30E+02	4.35E-10	no	2.23E-03	6.51E+05	3.42E-09	no 0
o-Xylene 6.47E-07	7E-07	7.30E+02	8.86E-10	no	4.53E-03	6.51E+05	6.96E-09	ou Ou
p-Dichlorobenzene	٨A	2.80E-01		na	NA	N		na
5.	€-07	NV		na	NA	N		na
Pentanenitrile	Ϋ́	N		na	NA	Ž		na
Perchloroethylene	Ϋ́	3.31E+00		na	NA	6.89E+05		na
	٨A	>N		na	NA	1.25E+05		na
p-Ethyltoluene p-Ethyltoluene	٨A	NV		na	NA	1.25E+05		na
Phenylacetylene 3.85E-07	5E-07	NV		na	NA	NV		na
Propane	٧A	N		na	NA	3.78E+06		na
Propanenitrile NA	۲A	N		na	ΑN	3.38E+04		na
	٩	N.		na	. NA	N N		па
	1E-06	1.06E+03	1.05E-09	OU	1.95E-03	2.13E+05	9.15E-09	ou Ou
Styrene 5.91E-07	1E-07	1.06E+03	5.59E-10	ou	1.04E-03	2.13E+05	4.86E-09	où
Tetrahydrofuran	Ą	9.89E-01		na	NA	<u>N</u>		na
Thiophene 6.59E-07	9E-07	2		na	AN	2		na

Table D-2: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Volatile Organic Compounds

			Simulator	Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	117		
Compound (a)	C _{chronic} (µg/m³)	Health-Based Screening Level (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} / HBSL	× 1?	С _{асиtе} (µg/m³)	Acute Toxicity Value (µg/m³)	C _{acute} / ATV	> 1?
Toluene	3.50E-06	4.02E+02	8.71E-09	OU	6.13E-03	1.88E+05	3.27E-08	no
Toluene	3.56E-06	4.02E+02	8.86E-09	no	6.23E-03	1.88E+05	3.32E-08	no
trans 1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	NA	N		na	NA	ΛN		na
trans-2-Butenal	2.71E-07	3.54E-03	7.65E-05	no	NA	ΛN		na
trans-2-Butene	1.59E-06	N		na	NA	ΛN		na
trans-2-Hexene	NA	N		na	NA	ΛN		na
trans-2-Pentene	NA	N/		na	NA	NN.		na
Trichloroethylene	NA	1.12E+00		na	NA	ΛN		na
Trichloromonofluoromethane	3.94E-06	7.30E+02	5.40E-09	ou	NA	NV		na
Vinylidenechloride	NA	3.84E-02		na	NA	NV		na

Footnotes:

(a) Items in bold represent duplicate values for those compounds that are common for Method TO-14 and TO-12.

NA = Not applicable

na = Not available because health-based screening value is not available or not applicable because compound was not detected.

NV = No value

Cohronic = Chronic time-averaged concentration

HBSL = Chronic health-based screening level

Cacute = Acute concentration

ATV = Acute toxicity value

Table D-3: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds

Health-Based Cehronic (µg/m³) Screening Level (µg/m³) Screening Level (µg/m³) Screening Level (µg/m³)	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	Trap Flash M	117		
		C _{acute} (µg/m³)	Acute Toxicity Value (µg/m³)	C _{acute} / ATV	> 1?
	1.10E+00 na	ΑN	>N		na
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		ΑN	N		na
AN A	2.09E+02	NA	NV		na
AN A	3.29E+00 na	AN	N		na
AN A	3.65E-01 na	NA	NV		na
AN A	3.06E-01 na	NA	N/		na
AN A	NV na	NA	NV		na
AN A	NV na	NA	N/		na
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	1.10E+02 na	NA	NV		na
A X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X		NA	N<		na
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	6.20E-01 na	NA	N<		na
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	1.10E+01 na	NA	>N		na
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	7.30E+01 na	NA	N<		na
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	7.30E+00 na	NA	Š		na
AN A	7.30E+00 na	NA	N		na
NA N	NV	NA	N		na
NA N	3.65E+00 na	NA	N		na
NA N	NV	NA	N		na
NA N	2.92E+02 na	NA	N		na
NA N	1.83E+01 na	NA	N		na
NA N	7.30E+01 na	NA	2.00E+04		na
NA N	1.83E+02 na	NA	2		na
NA N	NV	NA	>N		na
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	2.09E-01 na	NA	N<		na
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	NV	NA	>N		na
NA NA AN A	NV	AN	>N		na
NA NA AN	1.49E-02	NA	Ž		na
NA AN	7.31E-04 na	NA	N		na
A A N	NV	NA	Ž		na
NA.	NV na	NA NA	Ž		na
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3.65E-01 na	AN AN	>N		na
	NV na	NA NA	N		na

Table D-3: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds

			Simulator	Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	117		
Compound	С _{сhronic} (µg/m³)	Health-Based Screening Level (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} / HBSL	> 1?	C _{acute} (µg/m³)	Acute Toxicity Value (µg/m³)	C _{acute} / ATV	× 1?
4-Bromophenylether	ΑN	N		na	ΑN	N/		na
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	NA	N		na	NA	NN		na
4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether	NA	N		na	ΑN	NΛ		na
4-Methylphenol/3-Methylphenol	NA	1.83E+01		na	NA	N		na
4-Nitroaniline	NA	N		na	NA	NN		na
4-Nitrophenol	NA	2.92E+01		na	NA	N/		na
4-Nitroquinoline-1-oxide	NA	NN		na	NA	NV		na
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	NA	N/		na	NA	N		na
7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	AN	N		na	NA	NV		na
Acenaphthene	AA	2.19E+02		na	NA	NV		na
Acenaphthylene	NA	N		na	NA	2.00E+02		na
Acetophenone	1.43E-07	2.08E-02	6.87E-06	no	1.00E-03	3.00E+04	3.35E-08	no
Aniline	NA	1.04E+00		na	NA	2.29E+04		na
Anthracene	NA	1.10E+03		na	NA	<u>></u>		na
Benz(a)anthracene	NA	2.17E-02		na	NA	2		na
Benz(a)pyrene	NA	2.17E-03		na	NA	2		na
Benzidine	NA	2.92E-05		na	NA	N/		na
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NA	2.17E-02		na	NA	N		na
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	NA	NV		na	AN	N		na
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NA	2.17E-01		na	NA	N		na
Benzoic acid	NA	1.46E+04		na	ΝΑ	N		na
Benzyl alcohol	NA	1.10E+03		na	AN	5.53E+04		na
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	NA	NV		na	NA	N		na
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	NA	5.82E-03		na	NA	N		na
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	NA	1.92E-01		na	NA	N<		na
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	NA	4.80E-01		na	NA	NV		na
Butylbenzylphthalate	5.69E-07	7.30E+02	7.80E-10	no	3.99E-03	5.00E+05	7.98E-09	ou
Carbazole	NA	3.36E-01	·	na	NA	N		na
Chlorobenzilate	NA	2.49E-02		na	. NA	>N		na
Chrysene	NA	2.17E+00		na	ΝΑ	>N		na
Diallate	NA	1.10E-01		na	ΑΝ	Š		na
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	NA	2.17E-03		na	NA	≥ N		na

Table D-3: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds

			Simulator	Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	117		
Compound	С _{сhronic} (µg/m³)	Health-Based Screening Level (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} / HBSL	> 1?	С _{асиtе} (µg/m³)	Acute Toxicity Value (μg/m³)	C _{acute} / ATV	> 1?
Dibenzofuran	NA	1.46E+01		na	NA	ΛN		na
Diethylphthalate	NA	2.92E+03		na	NA	1.50E+04		na
Dimethylphenethylamine	AN	3.65E+00		na	NA	N<		na
Dimethylphthalate	AN	3.65E+04		na	NA	N<		na
Di-n-butylphthalate	1.16E-06	3.65E+02	3.17E-09	no	8.12E-03	1.50E+04	5.41E-07	no
Di-n-octylphthalate	NA	7.30E+01		na	AN	1.50E+05		na
Diphenylamine/N-NitrosoDPA	NA	9.13E+01		na	NA	>N		na
Ethyl methanesulfonate	AN	N		na	NA	N<		na
Fluoranthene	AN	1.46E+02		na	NA	NV		na
Fluorene	AN	1.46E+02		na	NA	7.50E+04		na
Hexachlorobenzene	AN	4.18E-03		na	NA	≥		na
Hexachlorobutadiene	AN	8.62E-02		na	NA	≥		na
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	NA	7.30E-02		na	NA	2		na
Hexachloroethane	NA	4.80E-01		na	NA	2		na
Hexachloropropene	AN	NV		na	NA	2		na
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	AN	2.17E-02		na	ΝΑ	2		na
Isophorone	NA	7.08E+00		. na	NA	N		na
Isosafrole	ΝA	NV		na	NA	N		na
Kepone	AN	3.74E-04		na	NA	2		na
Methapyrilene	NA	NV		na	NA	N		na
Methyl methanesulfonate	NA	N/		na	NA	N		na
Naphthalene	5.28E-07	3.13E+00	1.69E-07	00	3.70E-03	7.86E+04	4.71E-08	2
Nitrobenzene	NA	2.09E+00		na	NA	N N		na
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	NA	4.47E-05		na	NA	N N		na
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	NA	4.47E-05		na	NA	>N		na
N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	NA	1.20E-03		na	A A	N		na
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	NA	9.61E-04		na	NA	≥N		na
N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	NA	3.06E-04		na	NA	≥N		na
N-Nitrosomorpholine	AN	NV		na	NA	N N		na
N-Nitrosopiperidine	NA	NV		na	NA	2		na
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	NA	3.15E-03		na	NA	2		na
o-Toluidine	NA	2.80E-02		na	NA	>N		na

Table D-3: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds

			Simulator	Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	117		
Compound	С _{сhronic} (µg/m³)	Health-Based Screening Level (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} / HBSL	> 1?	C _{acute} (µg/m³)	Acute Toxicity Value (µg/m³)	C _{acute} / ATV	> 1?
p-Chloroaniline	ΝΑ	1.46E+01		na	ΝΑ	N		na
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	NA	N		na	ΑN	N		na
Pentachlorobenzene	AA	2.92E+00		na	NA	NV		na
Pentachloroethane	AN	N		na	NA	NV		na
Pentachloronitrobenzene	NA	2.59E-02		na	NA	NN		na
Pentachlorophenol	AN	5.60E-02		na	NA	ΛN		na
Phenacetin	NA	N		na	AN	AN.		na
Phenanthrene	NA	N		na	NA	2.00E+03		na
Phenol	NA	2.19E+03		na	NA	ΛN		na
Pronamide	NA	2.74E+02		na	NA	ΛN		na
Pyrene	NA	N/		na	NA	ΛN		na
Pyridine	NA	3.65E+00		na	NA	ΛN		na
Safrole	NA	NV		na	NA	ΛN		na
sym-Trinitrobenzene	NA	1.10E+02		na	NA	N		na
Footnotes:								

NA = Not applicable

na = Not available because health-based screening value is not available or not applicable because compound was not detected.

NV = No value

C_{chronic} = Chronic time-averaged concentration

HBSL = Chronic health-based screening level

C_{acute} = Acute concentration

ATV = Acute toxicity value

Table D-4: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

		Simulator Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	
Compound (a)	С _{сhronic} (µg/m³)	С _{сһгопіс} (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} (µg/m³)
	Aliphatic:C<=8	Aliphatic:C>8	Aromatic:C<=8	Aromatic:C>8
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	NA	NA	NA	5.17E-07
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene & sec-Butylbenzene	NA	NA	NA	3.18E-07
2,2,4-Trimethylhexane	NA	4.77E-07	NA	NA
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	6.28E-06	NA	NA	NA
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	1.27E-06	NA	NA	AN
2,3-Dimethylbutane	7.95E-07	AN:	AN	AN
2,3-Dimethylhexane	6.36E-07	NA	AN	AN
2,3-Dimethylpentane	3.34E-06	NA	NA	AN
2,4-Dimethylhexane	7.15E-07	NA	NA	AN
2,4-Dimethylpentane	1.83E-06	AN	NA	NA
2,5-Dimethylhexane	4.77E-07	NA	NA	VΝ
2-Methylheptane	3.97E-07	NA	NA	NA
2-Methylhexane	4.77E-07	NA	NA	AN
2-Methylpentane	1.35E-06	NA	NA	NA
3-Methylhexane	2.38E-07	NA	NA	NA
3-Methylpentane	1.19E-06	AN	NA	NA
Benzene	NA	NA	6.44E-06	AN
Benzene	NA	NA	6.55E-06	NA
Ethylbenzene	NA	NA	3.18E-07	NA
Ethylbenzene	NA	NA	9.76E-07	NA
i-Pentane	6.36E-07	AN	NA	NA
m&p-Xylene	NA	NA	7.21E-07	NA
Methylcyclohexane	1.59E-07	AN	NA	NA
Methylcyclopentane	4.77E-07	NA.	NA	NA
m-Xylene & p-Xylene	NA	NA	7.95E-07	NA
n-Heptane	3.18E-07	NA	NA	NA
n-Hexane	1.59E-06	NA	NA	NA

Table D-4: Comparison of Air Concentrations With Health-Based Values: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

		Simulator Booby	Simulator Booby Trap Flash M117	
Compound (a)	C _{chronic} (µg/m³)	С _{сhronic} (µg/m³)	С _{сһголіс} (µg/m³)	C _{chronic} (µg/m³)
	Aliphatic:C<=8	Aliphatic:C>8	Aromatic:C<=8	Aromatic:C>8
n-Nonane	NA	7.95E-07	NA	AN
n-Octane	7.95E-08	NA	NA	NA
n-Pentane	4.77E-07	NA	NA	NA
o-Xylene	NA	NA	3.18E-07	AN
o-Xylene	NA	NA	6.47E-07	NA
Styrene	NA	NA	NA	1.11E-06
Styrene	NA	NA	NA	5.91E-07
Toluene	NA	NA	3.50E-06	NA
Toluene	AN	NA	3.56E-06	NA
trans-2-Butene	1.59E-06	NA	NA	AN
Total (µg/m³)	2.43E-05	1.27E-06	1.25E-05	1.63E-06
Derived Health-Based Screening Level	1.92E+04	1.04E+03	4.17E+02	2.09E+02
C _{chronic} /HBSL	1.27E-09	1.22E-09	3.00E-08	7.81E-09
>1?	. OU	no	ou	ou
Footnotes:	poor com acitoriacea	leafor left of conitor of	-	

(a) Items in bold represent duplicate values: highest concentration was used to estimate total petroleum hydrocarbon concentration

>1? = Is the ratio greater than one?

NA = Not Applicable because compound was not detected

C_{chronic} = chronic averaged air Concentration

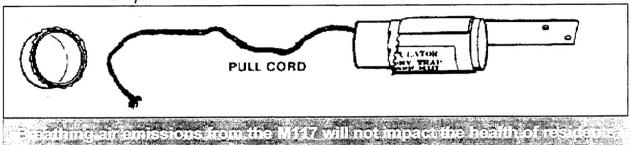
HBSL = Health-Based Screening Level

APPENDIX E FACT SHEET SUBMITTED TO AEC

United States Army Environmental Center Pyrotechnics Fact Sheet

M117 Flash Booby Trap Simulator

Department of Defense Identification Code: L598



WHAT ARE PYROTECHNICS?

The terms pyrotechnics and fireworks are often used interchangeably. Pyrotechnics give off smoke, light, and/or a loud noise when activated. The military uses pyrotechnics for signaling, obscuring, and illuminating during training and combat.

WHAT IS THE M117?

Simulators are devices used in training to imitate the sounds and flashes of The M117 is one kind of combat. simulator, which is also used by our service men and women to protect themselves from enemies attempting to break through their defensive positions in the field. Our troops learn how to set devices during training up these These exercises also train exercises. them to be cautious when they are exposed to similar devices set by an enemy.

The M117 is approximately 3 inches long and 1 inch wide. It weighs about a 0.25 pounds, and contains

approximately 3 ounces of explosive charge.

HOW IS THE M117 USED?

The M117 is used to alert our forces enemy approaches their This item is placed position. approximately 150 feet in front of the unit's defensive lines by attaching it to a tree. A long wire is tied between the M117 and another tree approximately 75 feet away. When an enemy approaches our defensive lines, he becomes entangled in the wire that activates the M117. When activated. the M117 emits a loud bang and a bright flash that alerts our troops that someone is approaching.

WHERE IS THE M117 USED?

Many Army training events use the M117. These events are held at nearly every Army training installation. At most locations, the training areas are at least 1000 meters (over a half of a mile) away from populated areas. Generally, ten items are used per day during a training

event, which typically occurs five days per year.

WHAT IS IN THE M117?

The M117 contains a pyrotechnic charge that consists mostly of magnesium powder and potassium perchlorate.

When the M117 is activated, substances are released into the air. However, since burning time is instantaneous, the duration of substances released lasts only a few seconds.

WILL BREATHING AIR EMISSIONS FROM THE M117 AFFECT MY HEALTH?

To answer this question, the U.S. Army Environmental Center tested the air emissions from the M117. The U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine then determined if there would be a potential for health effects from inhalation to residents who live near training areas. Study results showed that residents breathing air as close as 100 meters (328 feet) from the activation site are safe from these emissions.

HOW WAS THE STUDY DONE?

To gather data for the study, airborne emissions data were collected by activating the M117 in a test chamber. The air in the chamber was then tested to identify the types and the amounts of substances released. More than 300 substances were looked for during this part of the study.

This information was then used in an air model (a computer program that allows estimation of air concentrations) to determine the amount of each substance, to which someone living near a training site might be exposed. Downwind concentrations were estimated based on a typical use scenario for the M117. Since the study does not look at a specific training area, generic assumptions were used to model the path of the emissions.

These estimated air concentrations were then compared to safe screening levels established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and other agencies. If the air concentrations are below these screening levels, they are considered safe for everyone, including sensitive people such as the sick, elderly, and children.

WHAT ARE THE LIMITATIONS OF THE STUDY?

Many steps were taken to ensure that the results of this study are protective of everyone who lives close to training areas. However, limitations do exist with this study. For example, the study does not consider exposure to other types of pyrotechnics that could also be used during the same training event. Due to these limitations, conservative assumptions were used to ensure the protection of public health from inhalation of the M117 air emissions.

WHERE CAN I GET MORE INFORMATION?

Additional information about the M117 or other military munitions can be obtained by calling the Army Environmental Center Hotline at 1-800-USA-3845 or email to t2hotline@aec. apgea.army.mil. Please also visit our website at www.aec.army.mil